THE CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

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STORE NEWS.

New Carpets.

The choicest examples of modern weavers are ready to delight your vision. Combine this fact with the knowledge that nowhere else are such HIGH qualities so LOW in price.

No matter what prices are quoted elsewhere, you will always find our carpets (better carpets at equal prices), cheaper than anywhere else. None but reliable carpets can enter here.

We have a handsome line, which alone is bound to sell the goods. Come and see them and be convinced.

Pure Groceries.

We recognize the fact that the success of this department depends on the purity, so this detail is looked after very closely by us. We will have no groceries or provisions that we cannot guarantee to be free from all impurities.

With this special feature we link our well known low prices.

Dress Goods.

The new spring fabrics are much admired, and are going fast. This is a satisfying stock, the newest product of the world's best looms, at prices that give little evidence of a steadily rising market.

M. C. TULIS.

SPRING TIME AT THE

H. C. OLMSTED

STORE.

Now is the time you want floor coverings.

Carpets, Matting, etc.

We've got "em." Elegant line of Tapestry, all wool Ingrains, some that are not all wool, Rag, Jute, etc. No sample business. We measure and match the carpets in your presence.

Largest line of Mattings. All prices, from the cheapest to the best cotton chain matting.

Window Shades.

The largest, best and cheapest line of Lace Curtains ever shown in Emporium.

All cotton goods are advancing in price.

Muslins.

We have an nice assortment of Muslins, Prints, Ginghams, Percales, Satines, etc., which you will save money by buying now.

Dress Goods.

Our line of dress goods is fine. Crepones, Venetions, all colors in patterns; no two alike.

Beautiful "Foulard" Silks, hemstiched, all colorings. The proper thing for Shirt Waists.

Choice assortment of dress Skirts from 50c, to $5.00.

Gents' Furnishings.

Pants, Shirts, Overalls, Blouses, Hosiery, Neckwear, etc.

Staple Groceries.

Teas, Coffee, Tobacco, Granulated Sugar, 6c at present. Also everything in the grocery line.

C. JAY GOODNOUGH, Assignee.

D. F. CRAMER'S

POPULAR VARIETY STORE.

New arrivals in the 1900 styles of

LADIES' TAILOR-MADE SUITS and SKIRTS,

of the newest style and best makes.

LADIES' JACKETS and CAPES.

Ladies' Laundered and Mercerized Shirt waists of newest patterns. Calico and Percal Wrappers. All kind of yard goods, Corsets, Gloves, Hosiery, Notions, Household Furnishing Goods, Silver, China, Glass, Agate, Tin and Crockery Ware. Also a good line of Wall Paper, Window Curtains and Oil Cloth.

D. F. CRAMER.

OLD RELIABLE DRUG STORE'S

Prescription Department is up to date in every particular. Hundreds will attest to the very low prices. 30 years experience.

Wall Paper.

2000 rolls at 3c per roll. A great variety of high grade paper at greatly reduced prices.

Paints! Paints! Paints!

Paints, oils and varnishes, a full line. Enamel paints, varnishes and stains, in all colors.

Fishing Tackle.

Save money! Call for your Prescriptions, Wall Paper, Paints, Oils Fishing Tackle.

L. TAGGART, Prop.

Old Bill Hamilton.

Mr. A. C. Blum, of Emporium, Pa., writes as below regarding old Bill Hamilton, a Western character who may be called well known, but not known as well as he should be, in view of his past eventful life.

"For the last two or three years I have closely scanned the pages of Forest and Stream, and whenever old timers were mentioned have looked for Bill Hamilton's name, wondering whether the old fellow were alive. Finally, I have been more than rewarded by seeing his name in the issue of Feb. 10, as living in a cabin on the Yellowstone under an American flag. It must certainly feel queer to Bill to live under a roof, he who always had a tepee for a home. But the Yellowstone Valley is a fitting place for him. He certainly is one of the original settlers of that region, for he traveled up and down this sulphurous stream long before the Botteler brothers established their range near the Bozeman Pass, and they were the first settlers of the Yellowstone Valley, excepting Bill Brown, John Dunn and a few more boys, who used to 'grub stake' at Emigrant Gulch every winter. After them, Friedel, who kept a billiard room in Bozeman, took up a range on the Yellowstone, and I think this was in 1870, about the same time that Hugh Kirkendall's teamsters were killed by the Indians on the Yellowstone. Of course, every one who was in Montana in the early sixties remembers Hugh Kirkendall's mule outfit and Capt. Wall and Broadhead's Diamond R. bull train.

"However, I am getting away from my subject, thinking of the old days, when there were neither railroads nor fences nor Yellowstone Park guards; where, in fact, the lake, the falls and geysers were known to but few.

"I think the last time I met Bill Hamilton was near the head of Clark's Fork, where he had pitched his tepee and was living a happy life, and I did not think I should ever hear from him twenty years afterward, for this happened during the so-called Clark's Fork stampede, when we camped near one of the richest silver mines, and did not know it, as we were looking for placer mining and not for quartz.

"Will you kindly let me know whether this is the same Bill Hamilton? The boys used to say he was a relation to the "Dook" of the same name. English he certainly was. A typical mountaineer of the old school and a squaw man. I think his squaw, or at least one of them, was a Piegan. His territory was between Fort Benton and the upper Yellowstone."

There is no doubt in the world that the old Bill Hamilton mentioned from time to time in the Forest amd Stream is no other than Mr. Blum's friend, and it is a good reflection that the paper has served so pleasant an office as bringing together two friends of the real old times. At last accounts old Bill was living still at Columbus or Stillwater, as it was formerly called, righi on the banks of one of the most historic streams on earth—the Yellowstone River.—Forest and Stream.

Pleasant Visit.

Last Thursday evening District Deputy Grand Master E. W. Gaskill, accompanied by Past Grands C. Jay Goodnough, Geo. Metzger, Jr., and H. H. Mullin, visited Driftwood Odd Fellows for the purpose of installing the officers. They were greatly surprised and royally entertained, finding the fraternity located in one of the best furnished lodge rooms in this section of the State. The report shows that the lodge is rapidly forging to the front and will soon be the strongest in the county. After the work had been completed an elegant banquet was spread and a jolly good time was the result. The Driftwoodites know how to entertain their friends and always do it right.

The largest display of ready-made clothing and furnishing goods at N. Seger's.

A SUNDAY BLAZE.

Dr. R. P. Heilman's Residence Almost Ruined.

Last Sunday morning about 11:30, while a heavy wind was blowing from the west, Dr. R. P. Heilman's residence was discovered to be on fire, flames suddenly bursting through the roof, when the alarm was sounded. The Hamilton and Mountaineer Hose Companies and Hook and Ladder Company promptly responded and after a desperate fight subdued the flames, not however until the roof and second floor was completely gutted. Most of the furniture was removed, but in a damaged condition.

The Dr. and family were attending M. E. Church at the time, leaving Miss Kautz in charge of the house, who was busily attending to her work. When discovered the entire attic was in flames and soon spread to the rooms in the rear of the house. The origin of the fire is a mystery there being no fire in that part of the house.

Miss Elvia Whiting, who was boarding with Dr. Heilman, lost part of her clothing, while Miss Kautz lost her entire wardrobe, saving only the clothes on her back—her room being completely envelloped in flames when the fire was discovered.

Our efficient fire department worked with their usual vigor, realizing that with the high wind blowing, other property was in danger. The work of our fire laddies was complimented by strangers who witnessed their work.

Dr. Heilman's loss on residence and furniture is estimated at $2,700 upon which he carried an insurance of $2,000.

Invitation Party.

Invitations are being printed in the PRESS job room for an invitation party at the opera house, Friday evening, April 27th. The music will be furnished by Ridgway Theatre Orchestra, which will give a concert from 8:30 to 9:30. The party promises to be a pleasant affair.

Another Handsome Residence.

Mr. E. G. Coleman, secretary of Climax Powder Company, who recently purchased of the W. C. Clarke estate the old homestead, on west Fourth street, has sold the dwelling to Harvey Welsh, who will move the same to Fifth street and remodel it for a residence. Mr. Coleman will erect a modern residence upon the lot as soon as possible.

Bold Bruin.

Last Thursday morning about five o'clock, a large black bear ventured into town and boldly walked down Chestnut street as far as Henry Edgcombs residence. J. T. Healy, engineer at Howard's mill, noticed the tracts in the fresh snow as he came down the hill going to his work. The bold and hungry animal returned to the mountain in safety. Fred Yentzer says "that was too bad; the boys missed some fun."

Masonic Home at Williamsport.

William Howard, the wealthy Williamsport lumberman, has about closed a deal for the purchase of the Piper property, in the rear of the Masonic Temple. He proposes to remodel the residence into a home for aged Masons and to build an addition to the Masonic Temple for the use of the Scottish Rite Masons.

When all improvements have been completed he will deliver a deed of gift to the Masonic fraternity. The property is opposite the proposed site of the free library to be built, equipped and endowed by J. V. Brown.

Stricken With Paralysis.

Yesterday afternoon, H. R. Dodge, more commonly called "Bert," was stricken with paralysis while walking up Cherry street. He was assisted to Taggart's drug store and Dr. Smith called. His entire right side is effected. He rallied sufficiently to be taken to his home on Four Mile. It is the opinion of the Dr that he will recover. We sincerely hope so.

Republican County Convention.

The Republicans of Cameron county met in convention at the Court House, last Monday, at one o'clock. B. W. Green, Esq., chairman of the Republican County Committee, called the convention to order.

On motion of H. H. Mullin the following order of business was adopted:

1. Roll call of Delegates.
2. Election of President.
3. Election of Secretaries.
4. Appointment of Resolution committee of three by Chair.
5. Nomination of candidates for Delegate to State Convention.
6. Nomination of candidate for Delegate to National Convention.
7. Report of Committee on Resolutions.
8. Miscellaneous business.

Secretary of County Committee, A. C. Blum, called the following roll of Delegates:

Shippen. J. D. Swope, W. R. Johnston, W. L. Thomas, J. W. Lewis, Sam Lewis, B. L. Spence.
Emporium—West Ward. H. C. Olmsted, J. P. McNarney, H. H. Mullin, Henry Auchu.
Middle Ward. Chas. Seger, M. M. Larrabee, F. C. Reick.
East Ward. E. C. Davison, Henry Wheaton, U. A. Palmer.
Portage. W. R. Sizer.
Lumber. Ed. Stewart, J. H. Darrin.
Gibson. T. S. Patchell, W. H. Logue.
Driftwood. J. A. Muttersbaugh, D. J. Donahue.
Grove. C. F. Barclay, Arthur Bailey.

Every district in the county was well represented and few proxies presented.

On motion J. P. McNarney was elected President and Chas. Seger and U. A. Palmer, Secretaries.

The Chair appointed as Resolution Committee, Capt. C. F. Barclay, W. L. Thomas and Ed. Stewart.

Nominations for delegate to State Convention being next in order, M. M. Larrabee, in a few well chosen words, presented the name of Chas. Gleason, of Driftwood, who was elected by acclamation.

J. A. Muttersbaugh, of Driftwood, presented the following Resolution, which was unanimously adopted and made part of the platform:

Resolved, That the Republicans of Cameron county, in convention assembled, cordially endorse the candidacy of our distinguished citizen and neighbor, B. W. Green, Esq., for Delegate to the Republican National Convention, with power to choose the Congressional Conferees.

The Resolution committee reported the following, which was unanimously adopted:

THE PLATFORM.

The Republicans of Cameron county in convention assembled send greeting to our brothers in Pennsylvania, and point with pride to the great prosperity enjoyed by the citizens of this great and grand old Commonwealth. Let us all labor, not only for the further advancement of our varied industries, but for the utter demolishment of strife and discord in our great party family, thereby presenting a solid front to the enemy.

We heartily indorse the admirable administration of President William McKinley; it is particularly distinguished in the history of national administrations. During his term public credit has been restored; prosperity has followed and our commerce has grown to a degree never before known.

The magnificent achievements of our forces on land and sea for the liberation of the down-trodden and oppressed accomplished under the masterly guidance of his administration are subjects for the greatest congratulation by a convention of Cameron county Republicans.

We recommend to the Republicans of our county, State and Nation the renomination of President McKinley, which, we believe, would result in a sweeping Republican victory and inspire the whole people with confidence for the perpetuation of his splendid policy and insure for them greater things for the future.

We commend the wise, economic and pariotic policy of the present Executive of our State, Governor William A. Stone, and bespeak for his administration, which has the confidence of the people of this State, a condition of prosperity and advancement that has never been excelled during the term of office of any Governor of this Commonwealth.

That the Republicans of Cameron county, in convention assembled, cordially endorse the candidacy of our distinguished citizen and neighbor, B. W. Green, Esq., for Delegate to the Republican National Convention, with power to choose the Congressional Conferees.

That the delegate this day elected to the Republican State Convention be instructed to support Hon. W. C. Arnold, of Clearfield, and Hon. Galusha A. Grow, for Congressman-at-Large, and Hon. E. B. Hardenburg, of Wayne, for Auditor General.

Mr. Green, the nominee of the convention for National Delegate, was introduce to the convention, and after thanking the delegates for the great honor conferred, delivered a ringing speech which was heartily applauded. His remarks were to the point and well taken by the convention. Mr. Gleason, the nominee for State Delegate, also thanked the convention.

Throughout, the proceedings were harmonious and from present indications, the Republicans of Cameron county have burried all factional differences and will in the future work for the success of the Republican party and the best interests of Cameron county and cease to pull chestnuts outof the fire for democracy.

LOCAL NOTICES.

Purchase a new spring overcoat at N. Seger's. Fine line to select from.

Fine line of picture moulding at J. B. Schriever's. The finest line ever exhibited in Emporium.

We have an elegant line of moulding for framing paintings. Call and see them. J. B. SCHRIEVER.

Avail yourself of the special bargains being offered at N. Seger's in ready-made clothing.

EASTER OPENING.—Pattern Hats and millinery novelties, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, April 12, 13 and 14. E. M. HURTEAU.

SHAW'S PURE MALT has a marvelous dietetic value. While refreshing and pleasant to take, it helps assimilation of food. Sold by F. X. Blumle, Emporium, Pa. n2-yl

PAINTING AND PAPER HANGING.—I am prepared to contract for painting and paper hanging and furnish my own wall paper and paints, from the best firms. Eighteen years experience. 6-3t F. H. PEARSALL.

FOR RENT OR SALE.—Emporium Creamery. Equipped with all first-class up-to-date appliances. Terms reasonable. Apply to R. P. HEILMAN, President, Emporium, Pa. 6-4t

WANTED:—Active parties to sell Tea, Coffee, Spices and Baking Powder to families. Liberal commission allowed. Apply to Grand Union Tea Co., 33 W. Long Aue, DuBois, Pa. 6-3t

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Hats and millinery goods. Latest designs and novelties in trimmings. New York and Paris patterns at surprisingly low prices, now on sale. MRS. E. O. BARDWELL.

I now have accomplished the art of putting up hair switches and other work in that line, such as curls, puffs, watch chains, etc.. All work guaranteed and prompt attention to all orders on short notice. H. W. GRAHAM.
1tf Ridgway, Pa.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.—I have secured the exclusive agency to sell Aspinwall Manufacturing Company's agricultural implements, consisting of Potato Planter, Cutter, Digger, Weeder also Sprayer, Sorter and Fertilizer Distributor. Call at my store at Sterling Run and see these machines. n1-tf J. E. SMITH.

Miss H. L. Raymond will be pleased to show the ladies her large new millinery stock, including new designs in Easter and Spring Hats. The season's latest trimming materials, flowers and ribbons. Also white dress goods, embreideries, laces and tuckings suitable for commencement and summer gounds. Fancy and plain silks, chiffons and dress trimmings.

A Lycoming county man, according to the News, having heard that mosquito bar was a success in shutting out mosquitos, drove to town and bought a wagon load of crowbars to keep the crows out of his cornfield.

WANTED—By two ladies, two nicely furnished rooms, with or without boarding. With boarding preferred. Will pay a good price for pleasant rooms and good boarding. Address, MISS BERKLE, Climax Powder M'f'g Co.

Our annual Holiness Convention, for the Bradford District, will be held in Emporium, May 1st to 6th, and will be largely attended by the ministere, evangelists and members in the District. We extend the Gospel invitation, and "whosoever will may come." H. H. BRADLEY, Pastor.

GHOST OF THE GLACIER and other tales, including Making a Revolution, Susquehanna Trail, Sculpture of the Elfs. Once a Pillar of the World. Feathers of Fashion, and others. A delightful volume, beautifully illustrated. Ready for distribution about May 1. Send 10 cents to T. W. Lee, General Passenger agent, Lackawanna Railroad, 26 Exchange Place, New York City. Edition limited. 5-3t

TO THE LADIES OF CAMERON AND ADJOINING COUNTIES.—By sending me $1.00 during the next 60 days I will send a pair of shoes equal to any you can buy of your local dealer for $2.50. State size and address plainly. Express charges to be paid by receiver. Only ladies and children's shoes sent under this offer. Address Wm. Morton, 81 23rd St., Detroit, Mich.

FOR SALE.—The valuable farm known as the "N. P. Minard farm," on the Portage, in the township of Shippen, County of Cameron, Penn'a., belonging to the estates of P. A. and H. C. Freeman is for sale; also the house and grounds located on East Allegheny Avenue, in East Ward of Emporium Borough, Pa., belonging to said estates. For particulars and prices enquire of Mrs. Sophia Johnson, Colfax, Washington; M. M. Larrabee, Emporium, Pa., or Laura G. Freeman, Otsego, Mich., Executors of said Estates. 51tf

Final Vote on Quay Case.

Washington, April 10.—Without objection from any source, the Senate today agreed to take a final vote on the right of the Honorable M. S. Quay to a seat as a Senator from Pennsylvania on Tuesday, April 24, at 4 p. m.

Mail going East Wednesday evening was four hours late, occasioned by a wreck at Rathbun, in which two tramps are reported to have been killed.

EASTMAN'S KODAK

FRIDAY, Partly cloudy; warmer; and probably showers.
SATURDAY, Clear and colder.
SUNDAY, Fair weather for Easter.

You can carry it in your hands, on your shoulder, in your pocket or on your bicycle. You press the button and the Kodak will the rest.

LLOYD'S LONG RANGE FORECAST OF THE WEATHER AND EASTMAN'S KODAK.

Where to Draw

Where to draw the line on Easter Sunday and the opening of the fishing season this year will be a hard line to draw, but for us we say that the fishing season shall not commence until the close of Easter Sunday. We have a full line of Easter novelties, and also the best line of fishing tackle that has came to our town. "For want of a nail the shoe was lost." For want of good fishing tackle the fish will be lost; for want of the fish the fisherman was lost; for want of the fisherman the fish story will be missing. We have a gloss enamel paint, making an elegant paint for finishing rooms on either The hard wood or walls; also good for furniture, picture frames and decorating of all kinds. This paint costs no more than common oil paints, but it will not turn yellow on exposure.

HARRY S. LLOYD.

CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

H. H. MULLIN, Editor.

Published Every Thursday.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Per year.....$2 00
If paid in advance..... 1 50

ADVERTISING RATES:

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year, or for six or three months, are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices 10 cents per line for one insertion; 5 cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, 10 cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business cards, five lines or less, $5 per year; over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising.

No local inserted for less than 75 cents per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW PRINTING.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

The Worst of Criminals.

It is an undeniable fact that bank wreckers are among the most dangerous criminals, and that, therefore, society is bound to punish their crimes with a severity corresponding with the injury resulting therefrom. By their violation of the trust reposed in their assumed integrity they reduce families from comfort to penury. They blast the fortunes of business men, dissipating the fruits of long years of honest effort. They rob the widow and the fatherless. They are more guilty than the common thief or bank burglar, because these miscreants violate no trust. But, strange to say, it is easier to convict a dozen burglars or a thousand vulgar thieves than one of these bank looters. And stranger and more regretable still, it is next to impossible to keep one of these "prominent citizens" in prison for any considerable length of time after his long-delayed trial has finally resulted in a sentence and commitment. Abuse of sympathy is the cause of this. The best and most influential citizens will unite and persevere in a movement for executive clemency toward a man who has dissipated the funds of a bank by wild speculation and covered his tracks by false swearing and falsifying of accounts. Such efforts are inimical to the ends of justice. They produce executive action that not only encourages crime, but tends to promote the too prevalent feeling that equality before the law is a myth.

Isn't This One a Bird?

Eighteen months ago, says an Indiana exchange, Scott Smith, a colored man at Indianapolis, was horribly burned by the bursting of a coal oil lamp. Skilled medical attention by many physicians failed of relief. Several days ago he was transferred to the city hospital, and, as a last resort, it was decided to try the grafting process with the skins of freshly laid eggs. After the portions had been cleansed with antiseptic lotion the eggs were carefully broken, the yolk and albumen were emptied out and then the filmy skin was taken out and placed over the injected portions. The skin of the egg is now a part of Smith's body, susceptible to heat and cold to touch. The blood circulates through the new skin as it did through the old, but the new skin retains its original velvety whiteness, and it may be that the pigment which colors a negro's skin will not enter the new tissue. Smith, says our informant, is much alarmed over the situation, fearing that feathers will appear where the new skin has formed, and he is continually watching the progress of the affected parts with the aid of a hand glass, looking for feathery sprouts.

Modern science has brought to light nothing more curiously interesting than the fact that worry will kill. More remarkable still, it has been able to determine, from recent discoveries, just how worry does kill. It is believed by many scientists who have forwarded most carefully the growth of the science of brain diseases that scores of the deaths set down to other causes are due to worry, and that alone. The theory is a simple one—so simple that anyone can readily understand it. Briefly put, it amounts to this: Worry injures beyond repair certain cells of the brain, and the brain being the nutritive center of the body, the other organs become gradually injured, and when some disease of these organs, or a combination of them, arises, death finally ensues.

There is a man in Philadelphia who will sell a wooden leg cheaply. It belonged to his wife's first husband. She kept it as a memento of the departed, displaying it in a prominent place in the parlor. As might have been expected, however, it was banished when she married the second time, but when the ardor of the honeymoon began to diminish she restored the leg to its old position. The husband's objections have failed to remove what to him is a disagreeable object, but he thinks that a fair pecuniary offer for the appendage would tempt the quondam widow to part with it.

DEFEND THE BILL.

Senators Cullom and Depew on the Porto Rico Tariff.

Consider It a Liberal Measure and Good for the People and the Industries of the Island.

In discussing the tariff bill for Porto Rico in the senate April 2, Senators Cullom and Depew spoke in part as follows:

"Some of our friends on the other side of the chamber, because the government first collected this sum from the Porto Ricans, put it in the treasury, and then, under act of congress, authorized the president to take it out and give it back to them, complain and criticise the performance.

"If it went back to the same parties who paid it, who were, in fact, a part of the sugar and tobacco trusts, it would seem to be a useless performance. The fact is, it was paid by a few persons, importers connected with the sugar and tobacco monopolies. One of the firms who paid a part of this tax of $2,000,000 is now suing the United States to recover the amount paid, which suit shows that those great corporations, trusts and monopolies, instead of being in favor of the proposed tax, are really opposed to it and advocate 'free trade' between Porto Rico and the United States.

"The fact is, this amount collected on the imports from Porto Rico, which was largely paid by the bankers and agents of the American Sugar Refining company and the tobacco trust, as I am informed, goes back to relieve distress and help build up that country."

Says the Bill Is Liberal.

Further along Mr. Cullom said:

"No man can truthfully say that if this bill shall become a law congress is not dealing most liberally with the people of Porto Rico. It imposes no hardship upon these people; it provides the least possible rate of duty upon a few things in order to raise a little money to run their government, and that 'little' only for a little while, until they can get a start in taking care of themselves by their own system of taxation, at which time absolute free trade is established between the United States and the island.

"Let the truth be known. This whole 'free trade' scheme is nothing on earth but a deception, delusion and a snare to make our people believe that we are oppressing poor Porto Rico. Let the truth be known, whatever may happen. Any candid man, I think, must admit that this bill is in the interest of the people of Porto Rico.

"I am amazed to see the wave of misinformation which has swept over the country as to this question of a Porto Rican tariff. It is high time to call a halt to this wild misrepresentation, backed up as it is by the direct personal insistence of representatives of the monopolistic interests."

Depew Defends the Tariff.

Senator Depew then asserted that at the outset there was no dispute among republicans as to the constitutional right of the congress to legislate for Porto Rico. The contention that no tariff duties can be imposed is confined entirely to the democrats, he said. The opposition among the people to the imposition of such a tariff, he claimed, is based on mistaken ideas of the situation and a sentimental feeling that Porto Rico, having sought American rule, should be treated with especial consideration.

"Porto Rico had been pictured as if it were a Massachusetts or an Iowa, ready now to assume the obligations of statehood. In fact, it is a fertile, densely populated island, with no resources except from agriculture, and a population largely ignorant and extremely poor. With a population of 1,000,000 of whom 70,000 are negroes, 250,000 of mixed blood and the remainder of white, 900,000 can neither read nor write. Of this 1,000,000 of inhabitants, 800,000 derive their living from agricultural pursuits, and are almost all in dire poverty. The best wages paid are 30 cents a day, while the cost of living often is as low as five.

"The profits on agriculture, due to the cheapness of labor and fertility of the soil, are great. With poor machinery, and paying the prices of the Dingley bill, the planters made money, even when paying from 10 to 25 per cent. interest. The average value of the exports of the island for the last five years has been $16,000,000 a year, of which $10,000,000 was coffee, $4,000,000 sugar, $700,000 tobacco and the rest molasses, cattle and hides. Coffee is the great staple, and under the proposed tariff law it comes in free.

"Then came the hurricane, which did so much damage. Its worst effect was to destroy the coffee plantations, which it will take five years to restore. Sugar and tobacco can be grown in the next crop. The United States government at once relieved the distress by dividing $1,000,000 of available money into a charity fund, but it was impossible to raise money for roads, courts, police, schools or other needed purposes. Out of this condition came the necessity for some means of revenue, and in it was the reason for the pending bill.

Purposes of the Bill.

"We come naturally now to the question of hardships upon the Porto Rican people and of cruelty to the inhabitants of our new possessions by the proposed legislation. We were told with wonderful eloquence and passionate rhetoric that it was our plain duty to return to the people who have paid the duties under the Dingley tariff act since our occupation the money which had been collected. The whole policy of the republican party, from the president to congress, has been to give back to Porto Rico all the taxes levied and collected upon her products—to give them back to her for the purposes of her government and for the purposes of her improvement and her progress.

"These duties had been paid by the sugar trust, which controls the sugar products of the island, and the tobacco trust, which controls the tobacco product of the island—two of the richest and greatest moneymaking corporations in the world. They had bought the sugar and tobacco at a price which included the Dingley tariff duties, and sold them to the people of the United States at a large profit after the duties were paid.

"In the bill which we have just passed, instead of paying these duties back to these corporations, which have been the subject of so much abuse, and with whom we have been charged with being allied, we have given them back to the people of Porto Rico for their schoolhouses, for their roads, for the relief of their starving and for the employment which will come in the proper administration of the fund."

Continuing, Senator Depew said the men who would have to pay the tariff taxes would be the men who are getting rich out of Porto Rico, and the poorer inhabitants would get the benefit of them in the way of schools and roads. He denied the tariff would stifle the industries of the island, as under it coffee would be free and sugar and tobacco would have to pay much less than the same Cuban products, with Cuba Porto Rico's only competitor. Food stuffs would be practically admitted free, so there would be no perceptible increase in the cost of living, and the tariff is only to last two years and may be repealed sooner.

Restricts the Trusts.

Continuing Senator Depew said:

"This bill is the people's law. It restricts, as far as can be done, the power of trusts or combinations or concentration of industries. It puts upon the free list these products going from the United States into Porto Rico—the food products from the American farmer—so that the American farmer has his market free as against the agriculture of other countries, whose imports must pay Dingley tariff rates. It gives to the Porto Ricans the fullest opportunity for cheap food. Agricultural implements, which are so necessary for the resurrection of island cultivation, and the adoption of modern machinery to aid in lower cost and larger crops, are free. Rough lumber for mills, coopers' materials for sugar, molasses and tobacco, and bags for coffee, are free.

"Carriages to cheapen transportation and trees and plants to give variety in crops by raising large and small fruits, for which the island is particularly adapted, are free, as are all drugs which are used in the malarial diseases of tropical countries. In a word, every product of the farm or factory in the United States which will help Porto Rico, enable her to rise triumphant from her ruins and give remunerative use for capital and employment and wages to her people, is on the free list.

"The luxuries consumed by the prosperous are, as they ought to be, taxed for the support of the government."

In conclusion the senator repeated his claim that the opposition to the bill was largely based on misinformation and had been helped along by the democrats for party reasons.

TOO MUCH POOR TIMBER.

Planks in the Popocratic Structure That Bulge and Buckle.

The platform written in Nebraska by Mr. Bryan for himself to stand on, having been measured for Bryan and not for the democratic party, does not exactly suit the latter. Complaint is made by prominent democrats that there are too many planks and of not the right kind of timber.

A well-known democrat of Iowa says that Bryan's platform means that the republican majority of 65,000 in that state will be repeated. Former Postmaster General Don M. Dickinson said the other night:

"I had hoped that the democratic party would be allowed to write its platform this year. When the Lincoln party begins by readopting the Chicago platform entire, and then proceeds to reassert it in particulars, and we are given to understand that this platform is to be offered to the democrats later on, perhaps we are to be disappointed."

Senator Daniel, of Virginia, said that as it was a joint democratic and populistic platform, he did not believe that he cared to express any opinion about it.

Even Senator Jones, of Arkansas, Bryan's public backer, objected to the plank on the initiative and referendum. He also doubted the propriety, if the Filipinos were given independence as Bryan proposes, of guaranteeing to protect them against any and all comers.

Oh, what a tangled web they weaved when populism they achieved, and left their party, north and south, to be a trump for Bryan's mouth.—Troy Times.

SAM HOUSTON'S SECRET.

Why He Left His Wife and Joined the Cherokees Is a Mystery to This Day.

A mystery in which the American people were once deeply concerned was that which shadowed the life of one of the most remarkable characters of the country. In 1829 Samuel Houston, or, as he called and signed himself, "Sam" Houston, was governor of Tennessee. It was in the midst of a campaign for reelection to the gubernatorial chair that Tennessee was startled by a report that he had resigned his office. He had been married to the daughter of an influential family; three months afterward she returned to her father's house, and her husband resolved to pass the rest of his life in the wilderness.

Houston betook himself to the tribe of Cherokees in the Indian territory; he adopted their costume, appearing in all the trappings of an Indian brave, letting his hair grow down his back and visiting Washington with a buckskin hunting shirt, yellow leggins, a huge blanket and turkey feathers around his head. No one could induce him to reveal the secret of his metamorphosis and his abandonment of the ways and habits of civilization. He married again after he emerged from his Indian life, and he lived to be an old man, dying in the midst of the civil war, but no one was ever able to persuade him to unlock the mystery of his life. Nor would his first wife, who also married again, throw any light on the mystery.—William Perrine, in Ladies' Home Journal.

Eager for Gold.

Nicaragua boasts a volcano called Misaya, about which a curious but hardly credible story is told. When, in 1522, the Spaniards overrun the state, the volcano was very lively. Many of the victorious Spaniards thought that the raging fire at the foot of the crater was neither more nor less than purest gold in a molten state. The puzzle was how to get it. But at last a few men, more foolish and more venturesome than their mates, had themselves lowered down until, by means of an iron chain with a bucket at the end of it, they could reach the fiery mass. Of course, as soon as the bucket neared the surface it was melted in a moment, and the silly fellows, when drawn up, were half dead from the heat and the poisonous smoke.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

☞Eighty-seven democrats in the house voted against the bill turning over to Porto Rico the duties collected, or to be collected, on its goods sent to this country. As there was no other plan for immediate relief the democrats who ranged themselves in the negative can say no more about sympathy for the island.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

A WELL LAID TRAP.

Britons Walked Into It and Lost Six Pieces of Artillery.

A Number of Soldiers in Charge of the Big Guns Were Also Captured—An Ambush Near Bloemfontein—Cronje Sails for St. Helena.

Bushman Kop, April 2.—The British force commanded by Col. Broadwood, consisting of the Tenth Hussars, household cavalry, two horse batteries and a force of mounted infantry under Col. Pilcher, which had been garrisoning Thaba Nchu, was obliged, in consequence of the near approach of a large force of Boers, to leave on Friday night.

Col. Broadwood marched to the Bloemfontein waterworks, south of the Modder, where he encamped. At dawn Saturday the camp was shelled by the enemy from a near point. Col. Broadwood sent off a convoy with the batteries, while the rest of the force remained to act as a rear guard.

The convoy arrived at a deep spruit, where the Boers were concealed, and the entire body walked into an ambush and was captured, together with six guns.

Pretoria, April 2.—President Kruger says that the last expressed desire of the late Gen. Joubert was that he should be succeeded as commandant general by Louis Botha.

Maseru, Basutoland, April 2.—President Steyn is reported to have gone to Ladybrand to stir up the burghers there to renewed resistance.

The Dutch who surrendered their arms at Ladybrand are now suffering seizures of their live stock.

Great things are expected by the Boers of the new commander-in-chief, Gen. Botha, who has made his reputation wholly during the present campaign. Foreign officers serving with the Boers have expressed surprise at his clever tactics.

London, April 3.—The latest news from the front adds little to the public knowledge of the convoy disaster. The disaster is regarded as a direct result of the inability of Gen. French to cut off the commando of Gen. Olivier and the other commandos when escaping from the Orange river.

The war office has received a dispatch from Lord Roberts in which he gives a partial list of the missing British officers. Of "Q" battery, four officers were wounded, two of whom are missing. One gunner was killed and 40 non-commissioner officers and men are wounded or missing.

The Bloemfontein correspondent of the Daily Chronicle, describing the loss of the convoy, says:

"The Boers opened with a murderous fire. It was simply slaughter. The Kaffir drivers of the convoy ran away, leaving their teams and it was impossible for our men to hit the hidden enemy.

"Our gunners fought bravely trying to save the guns, but our people were greatly hampered by the Kaffirs, who ran hither and thither looking for cover from the fearful fire that poured in on all sides. Meanwhile the enemy were hotly pressing Col. Broadwood, whose mounted troops were completely surrounded.

"The British showed magnificent bravery. The opportune arrival of reinforcements saved Col. Broadwood from annihilation. One hundred wagons were lost through the cowardice of the Kaffir drivers. It is reported that two guns have been recaptured. The whole force is retiring on Bloemfontein."

Cape Town, April 4.—Gen. Cronje, Col. Schiel and 1,000 Boer prisoners sailed for St. Helena last night.

Two small parties of Boers escaped from the Greenpoint track. One party was traced to a railway train, which was stopped and searched near Cape Town. The Boers jumped through one of the windows of the train and got away.

London, April 4.—No news has yet been received of the expected battle between Gen. French and the Boers. There is now but a remote prospect of the recapture of the guns. This, however, is regarded as quite trifling compared with the political effects of the disaster. As the Bloemfontein correspondent of the Times remarks, Commandant Olivier's strategy in re-occupying Ladybrand and Thaba N'Chu was bold and even brilliant. Most of his force is composed of Free Staters, and the advantage gained by them will have a disturbing effect on the mind of the Free State population.

London, April 5.—It looks as though the Boers had conceived the audacious plan of attempting to invest Lord Roberts at Bloemfontein or at least to endeavor to delay his northward advance by harrassing the British lines of communication.

On his side Lord Roberts is concentrating his forces and preparing to take every advantage of the bold but risky tactics of the enemy. He is not likely to strike at any of their forces until he is certain of delivering a crushing blow.

The situation, in the absence of any official dispatch from Lord Roberts, is both mystifying and interesting.

The Daily Mail has the following from Bloemfontein, dated Tuesday, April 3: "Col. Porter, with 90 carbineers and Scots Greys and two guns performed a brilliant deed Sunday. He charged a large body of Boers and rescued 90 odd British prisoners including 11 officers, who were captured the previous day. There were no casualties on the British side."

Will Spend $100,000 a Month.

Washington, April 3.—Arrangements have been made by the war department for the transfer of $660,000 of the $2,000,000 appropriated for the relief of Porto Rico to Capt. William V. Judson, corps of engineers, at San Juan, who has been selected as the disbursing officer of that fund. Gov. Gen. Davis will expend the money in payment for labor on public improvements at the rate of about $100,000 a month. The efforts of the war department officials so far have been directed principally to providing means to relieve the great distress prevalent.

OHIO ELECTIONS.

The Result in Cincinnati, Cleveland, Toledo, Columbus and Other Cities.

Cincinnati, April 3.—The republicans never scored such a success over the fusionists as at the election here Monday for all the city offices. They also have all the members of the new board of public service for three years, which controls everything except the police and fire departments. The board of legislation stands: Twenty-four republicans and seven democrats and the board of education 24 republicans and seven democrats.

Cleveland, April 3.—The republicans elected their entire ticket in this city yesterday. The most interest centered in the contest for director of schools. Bell, rep., has a plurality of at least 10,000 over Briggs, dem., while May, the independent candidate, was left far in the rear.

Toledo, April 3.—The republican city ticket was elected by about 2,000, but the democratic gains in the council will probably give its control to that party.

Columbus, April 3.—Complete returns of Monday's election show that N. W. Dick (dem.) has been elected police judge over M. B. Earnhart (rep.) by 508 votes. The total vote was 22,140. Last spring the republicans elected a mayor by 1,500.

Findlay, April 3.—George Neimeyer, democrat, was defeated for re-election as mayor by Charles E. Watson, rep., by 168 plurality.

Lima, April 3.—The republicans carried the city by 1,200 for mayor. They also elected five out of seven councilmen. At the last election the democrats elected the mayor by 1,000.

Hamilton, April 3.—The democrats elected the entire city ticket by a majority of 900, a falling off of about 100.

Marietta, April 3.—The republicans elected their city ticket by 100. W. E. Sykes was elected mayor.

OUR FOOD IMPORTS.

A Statement Showing that Coffee and Sugar are Away in the Lead as Regards Value.

Washington, April 2.—An interesting statement showing the sources of the agricultural imports of the United States during the five fiscal years 1894-1898 has been prepared by Frank H. Hitchcock, chief of the foreign markets section of the agricultural department. Some of the more important statements it contains are as follows:

During the five fiscal years 1894-1898 the agricultural imports of the United States had an average annual value of $368,748,457. Sugar, coffee, hides and skins, wool, silk, vegetable fibers, fruits and tea were the articles imported most extensively. Measured in value, these eight items formed over four-fifths of our total import trade in agricultural products for the period mentioned, their combined value averaging about $300,000,000 a year.

Of this sum more than half was paid for two commodities—sugar and coffee. The average yearly value of the sugar imports for 1894-1898 amounted to $90,418,685, and coffee $83,570,106. Brazil, which furnishes about two-thirds of the coffee imports, headed the list. The agricultural imports from Brazil during the five years had an average annual value of $59,617,524.

Cuba, the principal source of the sugar purchased by the United States, ranked next to Brazil in importance. The average yearly value for 1894-1898 of our agricultural imports from the island amounted to $37,403,232, or 10 per cent. of the total.

A COLD-BLOODED CRIME.

A Kansas City Man Kills His Brother-in-Law While the Latter was Reading a Sunday-School Lesson.

Kansas City, Mo., April 2.—Harboring imaginary wrongs, John McKimm, aged 29, yesterday shot and killed Dr. B. F. Shaw, his brother-in-law, as the latter sat reading the Sunday-school lesson to his 5-year-old daughter. McKimm, who had been an inmate of an asylum and is believed to be insane, threatened to kill the other five members of the family and was only restrained after a struggle.

Dr. Shaw is a widower. His mother-in-law, Mrs. McKimm, had cared for his children and his wife until she died. The doctor, as was his custom, spent Sunday at the McKimm house. After dinner Shaw seated himself in a chair in the parlor and with his child before him was reading the Sunday-school lesson to her. McKimm had gone to his room from the table and written a rambling statement in which he stated that he had not been treated rightly and that he intended wiping out the entire family, consisting of Dr. Shaw and his child, his mother, two brothers and a sister. Then, descending to the parlor, he slipped up behind Shaw, placed the revolver against the latter and fired. Dr. Shaw died before the family could reach his side. As the other members of the family came running to the scene, McKimm raised his revolver to fire at the first who appeared. Before he could fire a second time he was overpowered by his two brothers.

Ferris Wheel to be Demolished.

Chicago, April 2.—The Ferris wheel, one of the attractions at the world's fair, is to be torn down and the 2,200 tons of iron and steel of which it is composed will be sold as scrap iron. The work of demolishing the wheel probably will commence on Wednesday. The removal of the wheel from the fair grounds to its present site, ten miles distant, cost $175,000. In order to meet this expense bonds for $300,000 were issued. The wheel failed to pay and it went into the hands of a receiver.

Is Richer by $5,000,000.

Chicago, April 2.—The University of Chicago is richer by nearly $5,000,000 than it has ever been before. John D. Rockefeller has confirmed his gift of $2,000,000 to the university and President Harper and the trustees supplemented it with the announcement of gifts in cash and land aggregating in value more than $2,000,000.

Amateur Records Broken.

San Francisco, April 2.—Alfred Plaw, of the University of California, has smashed all amateur collegiate records for the 16-pound hammer throw, sending the missile 156 feet 6 inches.

AMERICAN ENTERPRISE.

The pastor of the First Presbyterian church at Pine Bluff, Ark., was telling his congregation of his travels in the Holy Land, and closed his remarks with this incident, illustrating American enterprise: "When at 'Jacob's Well' he drew therefrom with his own hands a bucket of water; after doing so and looking at the tin bucket, he found it was a lard bucket with the name of 'Swift and Company' branded on same, which was the same as he had seen in Pine Bluff many times."—Kansas City Gazette.

A Literary Help.

Cannibal King (to poet laureate)—What's wrong with that coronation ode? Can't you finish it?

Laureate—I can't get enough feet in the last stanzas.

King—Officer of the guard, go out and cut enough feet off those slaves to supply the poet laureate's needs. It shall never be said that King Oombalenskago did not encourage literature to the limit.—Baltimore American.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonial free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Why They Were Noisy.

"Here, here! What are you little girls making so much noise about?" exclaimed the little girls' papa, looking up from his paper.

"We're just playing we're mamma's whist party," chorused the little girls.—Philadelphia Record.

From Baby in the High Chair

to grandma in the rocker Grain-O is good for the whole family. It is the long-desired substitute for coffee. Never upsets the nerves or injures the digestion. Made from pure grains it is a food in itself. Has the taste and appearance of the best coffee at ¼ the price. It is a genuine and scientific article and is come to stay. It makes for health and strength. Ask your grocer for Grain-O.

Spring

Annually Says Take

Hood's Sarsaparilla

In the spring those Pimples, Boils, Eruptions and General Bad Feelings indicate that there are cobwebs in the system. It needs a thorough brushing, and the best brush is Hood's Sarsaparilla, which sweeps all humors before it. This great medicine eradicates Scrofula, subdues Salt Rheum, neutralizes the acidity which causes Rheumatism—in short, purifies the blood and thoroughly renovates the whole physical system.

"We have used Hood's Sarsaparilla and it has given the best of satisfaction, especially as a spring medicine. It builds up the general system and gives new life." DWIGHT C. PARK, Whiteland, Indiana.

"Reversible" LINENE" Collars & Cuffs

Stylish, convenient, economical; made of fine cloth, and finished in pure starch on both sides alike. Turn down collars are reversible and give double service.

No Laundry Work.

When soiled discard. **Ten collars or five pairs of cuffs, 25c.** *By mail*, 30c. Send 6c. in stamps for sample collar or pair of cuffs. Name size and style.

REVERSIBLE COLLAR CO., Dept. 18, BOSTON

A Swallow

is one of the earliest harbingers of spring—an equally sure indication is that feeling of languid depression. Many swallows of

HIRES Rootbeer

are best for a spring tonic—and for a summer beverage. 5 gallons for 25 cents. Write for list of premiums offered free for labels.

Charles E. Hires Co.
Malvern, Pa.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup Is the best remedy for bronchitis. It relieves the troublesome cough at once, effects an easy expectoration and cures in a few days. Price 25c. at all druggists.

PILES Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays the Itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Prepared for Piles and Itching of the private parts. At druggists or by mail on receipt of price. 50 cents and $1.00. WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Props., CLEVELAND, OHIO.

ARTICHOKES Mammoth White French. A Sure Preventive of **Hog Cholera.** Enormous yielder, and the greatest root fattener for hogs, sheep, colts and cattle known. Write for circular telling all about them. **This adv't will not appear again.** W. F. MANLEY, RICHMOND, IND.

ROOFING The best Red Rope Roofing for 1c. per sq. ft.; caps and nails included. Substitutes for plaster. Samples free. THE FAY MANILLA ROOFING CO., CAMDEN, N. J.

WANTED CAPITAL to manufacture most saleable food in use. Profits, one-quarter. Highest references given. C. MADISON SMITH, FORT PLAIN, N. Y.

Use Certain Corn Cure. Price, 15c.

Easter Bells.

EASTER bells! Easter bells!
Oh, the happy sound!
Chiming over hills and dells,
All the earth around.
With the budding flowers springing,
With the song the brook is singing,
With the carols gayly ringing,
Wake, oh, gladsome Easter bells!

Easter bells! Easter bells!
Sing your message grand,
Echoing in cadenced swells
Over sea and land!
In the seed from earth awaking,
In the bud from winter breaking,
In the heart its gloom forsaking,
Read your story, Easter bells!

Easter bells! Easter bells!
Waken Peace and Love!
Kindness in your music dwells,
Hallowed from above.
Stay the tumult and the wronging,
Melt the clouds around us thronging,
Hush the cares to earth belonging,
Joyful, joyful Easter Bells!
—George Cooper, in Golden Days.

MRS. DEWEY'S EASTER.

THE horses jogged easily along toward town. They were lazy old fellows, Nat and Billy, and they had a heavy load of grain on for the mill and perhaps resented it. Mrs. Dewey sat perched up beside her husband on the high seat of the wagon, drawing her shawl close about her, as the chill March wind struck her sensibly, as she remarked to her husband, with a protesting shiver. She was a plump little woman who had been pretty once, when her hair was brown and curly, her eyes bright and her complexion fair and peachy, but since she had married Lon Dewey, and gone out to his big grain farm to live, continual hard work had aged her greatly, and the brightness and bloom of her girlhood days were almost crushed out of her.

Mr. Dewey was a good man, for all that he so thoroughly needed waking up, but he had been accustomed to seeing his mother and sisters turn off great quantities of work with their robust health and strength, and it simply did not occur to him that his wife was wearing her life away in a treadmill which was taxing her to the utmost limit of her endurance.

"Wheat's a bringin' a dollar a bushel," remarked Mr. Dewey, as he flicked his whip suggestively around Nat's heels. "I reckon if I can get the crop sold afore she drops, I'll be some hundreds ahead of what I've been ary year before in some time."

"Lon, don't you suppose, if you do, that we could have a new carpet in the parlor? It seems like if I could have something real handsome to look at, it would lighten the work ever so much."

"Ain't I handsome enough?" asked Mr. Dewey, with unusual humor.

Mrs. Dewey laughed. Her husband was not a handsome man at his best, and to-day he had taken little time to "slick up," and the March wind had tousled his hair and reddened his nose in addition.

"The rag carpet was pretty enough when it was new," she continued, "but someways I've got awfully tired of rag carpetin'."

"You wimmin folks get terribly tired of things anyhow, it seems to me," remarked Mr. Dewey, reflectively.

"Yes, we do, Lon," replied his wife, with an unusual burst of feeling. "I'm tired to death of looking at the same things, and of wearing the same clothes year in and year out. I get so hungry for pretty things sometimes it seems like I'd go wild."

Mr. Dewey turned and looked at his wife in astonishment.

"Well, I swan, Martha," he said, slowly. "Pity you didn't marry a rich man that could give you all you wanted."

"No, I don't want no rich man," Martha Dewey caught her breath in a half sob. "You're plenty rich enough, only you've got a notion of thinking I don't need nice things like other women have them. Pretty things don't cost so much more than humly ones, either."

"Well, I snum, what's got into you, Martha, all of a suddent?"

"Nothing new, Lon Dewey," replied his wife in a combative tone, "it's there pretty much all the time, but sometimes it swells and surges, and sets me going in spite of myself, like the water turns the big wheels at the mill."

They were in the town now, and a young woman was tripping along the sidewalk, clad in a handsome tailor-made suit, whose perfect fit and material added grace and beauty to a form and face no more to be admired than Martha's in her younger days. Martha looked at her with longing eyes. "If I could be dressed up like that when I go out, I wouldn't mind the hard work atween times so," she said.

The miller came out as the horses trotted up to the door of the great, busy mill. He had been acquainted with Martha years before, and he noted her tired face and shabby attire.

"Martha Hillis didn't get much of a snap when she married Lon Dewey," he reflected inwardly, as he invited her to come into the office and get warm while her husband sold his wheat.

Martha forgot her longings in the curiosities of the office, the telephone, the immense ledgers over which the bookkeeper was pouring, the bookkeeper himself, a thin, wiry man who made figures with the quickness and precision of an automatic machine. His wife came in as she waited, a brilliant, graceful creature whose garments were redolent with the perfume of rich fur and odorous sachet powders.

A bunch of carnations was pinned to her cloak. "See what Bathers gave me when I ordered my Easter lilies," she said, smilingly to her husband, then noticing the hungry, wistful look on the little woman's face in the office chair, a sweet thought came to her, and unpinning the flowers, she laid three of the fullest and richest in Martha's hand.

"Oh, thank you," cried Martha, her voice trembling with eager delight. "I'm so fond of flowers, and I don't get any time to raise 'em."

She was still fondling the blossoms, and inhaling their rich perfume when Mr. Dewey came in, rubbing his hands in high good humor.

"Well, Martha, I reckon we'd better go up to town now," he said, as he folded a check which the miller had given him. "I've got some runnin' around to do, but you can wait for me some place."

"Come over to my house first and get a lunch," urged the miller. "Mrs. Dewey looks too weary to sit around the stores, and my wife would be delighted to meet her, I know."

Mr. Bonney had a hearty, persuasive way which was hard to resist, and a few moments later Martha was taking off her bonnet in Mrs. Bonney's cosy sitting-room, in response to a generous welcome.

Mary Bonney was one of those sweet, gracious women whose very presence means peace and good will, and Martha looked at her enviously as she moved about in her pretty home, giving an order here, offering a suggestion there, and all the time smiling a welcome to the tired little figure in the big easy chair, a luxurious change from the jolting of the high-seated wagon.

It was all so pretty, it rested her so to look about her, and drink in the beauty of the soft, rich carpet on the parlor floor through the vista of the draped archway, and the daintiness of the lace

"LET'S GO IN, MARTHA."

curtains. An oil painting of a scene in the Alps fascinated her with its wondrous tints, and before she knew it she had spoken aloud. "If I had such a parlor to look into, I—" then she stopped in confusion.

"You are admiring my Alpine scenery," observed Mrs. Bonney, following her eye. "I hung it there where I could see it readily from this room. It rests me so when I am tired, the glimpse of the beauties of nature which I never expect to see for myself."

"Then you know what it is," replied Martha, eagerly. "I get so lonesome for pretty things to rest my eyes on. Maybe it's wicked, for I've got a good home, but there isn't one single thing in it that is pretty like that picture and carpet."

"It isn't wicked at all," Mrs. Bonney spoke warmly. "Our Father would not have filled the earth full of beauty, and given us the taste to enjoy it if it had been wrong."

Mr. Dewey, obtuse as he was, observed the contrast between this home and his own, and he was touched by his wife's evident delight in her surroundings. Her eyes were shining, and her cheeks pink as she followed her hostess to the tasteful dining-room, where the lunch was set out on a pretty table, bright with silver and crystal, for the Bonneys lived as well as their guests, and enjoyed their best things every day.

A stand by the window was filled with Easter lilies, each bearing a tall shaft of buds almost ready to blossom, and in a little sewing-room adjacent, a table was strewn with the details of an Easter costume.

"We are in our annual flurry," observed Mr. Bonney, jovially. "Wife and the girls always enjoy a little Easter finery, but we old fellows don't have much show in that direction, do we?"

"We don't make much fuss about Easter at our house," replied Mr. Dewey, uneasily, as he remembered that not only Easter, but Christmas and birthdays passed by unheeded. After all, life was a barren routine at the Dewey farmhouse, and he was beginning to realize it.

"Well, Easter means so much to us," Mr. Bonney's ruddy face was touched with a tender feeling, "that we love to celebrate it with all the brightness and beauty possible. By the way, Dewey, we are going to have especially fine services in church on Easter Sunday. Come in and enjoy it with us."

Mrs. Dewey looked at her husband, eagerly. There was always so much to do at the farm on Sabbath morning, when they were apt to sleep late, that they had almost given up church going entirely. It was another link out of the chain which bound her girlhood days to her present.

"Yes, do come," urged Mrs. Bonney, seeing the look on Mrs. Dewey's face. "The decorations will be lovely, and the music especially fine."

Mr. Dewey cast a doubtful look at his wife's best dress, doubly shabby in contrast with Mrs. Bonney's handsome teagown, and he thought of his own best suit, which had long seen its palmiest days, as he said: "Well, I'll see; mebbe, if the weather is good."

He walked along in silence beside his wife as they went out of the hospitable home. That check in his pocket seemed burning to get out and spend itself on the things which Martha not only wanted, but needed to keep her life fresh and young, her spirit sweet and hopeful. He had intended to add it to his already satisfactory bank account, but as he looked down at his wife's face his mind changed.

They were passing a large dry goods store where everything, from a carpet to a paper of pins, was sold. "Let's go in, Martha," he said, awkwardly. "You said you wanted to look at some carpetin', and say, whilst you are about it, I guess you'd better pick out a new dress and some Easter fixin's. That bunnit you've got on looks sort o' ragged."

"Oh, Lon," the little woman came near transfixing the entire street by throwing her arms around his neck then and there, but he opened the door hastily.

"Get all you want, Martha, and I'll foot the bill," he said. "I'm going down to the tailor shop, for if we go to that Easter meeting we want to look a leetle mite as other folks do."

Martha's heart sang for joy all the way home, for wasn't there a roll of the loveliest carpet she had ever dreamed of possessing under the seat, and in her lap a bonnet and dress pattern which she would not trust out of her own hands?

Little things enough to make a heart glad in view of the wondrous message of the Eastertide, still to the starving just the crumbs must be fed until they can bear the stronger meat. That followed later, as Martha's heart opened up to the beautiful Easter service, as flowers open their thirsty cups to the warm rain.

Mr. Dewey, too, saw something in life which he had never seen before, a hope beyond the sordidness of everyday care, which lifts the spirit on invisible wings into the realm of the unseen.

Life at the Dewey farmhouse was never again the same routine of dull, unbeautified labor, and Martha is growing young again.—Mrs. F. M. Howard, in Chicago Standard.

A SURE THING.

Lady Customer—Are these Easter eggs strictly fresh?

Salesman—Yes'm, my hens lay nothing else but fresh eggs, 'm.

Easter in Russia.

The early morning hours of Easter day are given over in Russia to religious observances, but after ten o'clock the day becomes one of conviviality. The practice of New Year's calls is observed in Russia at Easter, and everything is fun and jollity. On the streets gayly dressed men and women salute each other, and exchange decorated Easter eggs. Formerly everyone enjoyed the privilege of kissing whom he met, but this practice has lately fallen into disuse.

A Base Insinuation.

Cecile—What would you give to have such hair as mine?

Jeannie—I don't know—what did you give?—Tit-Bits.

HE WOULD NOT DECLINE.

Admiral Dewey Announces His Willingness to Accept a Nomination for President.

New York, April 4.—A special to the World from Washington says:

Admiral Dewey authorizes the announcement to the American people that his former decision not under any circumstances to run for the presidency is rescinded.

A World correspondent saw the admiral at his home last evening. Admiral Dewey said:

"When I arrived in this country last September I said then that nothing would induce me to be a candidate for the presidency.

"Since then, however, I have reached a different conclusion, inasmuch as so many assurances have come to me from my countrymen that I would be acceptable as a candidate for this great office. If the American people want me for this high office I shall be only too willing to serve them.

"It is the highest honor in the gift of this nation; what citizen would refuse it?"

Philadelphia, April 6.—The second and last orchestral concert in aid of the families of the soldiers and sailors who were killed in the Philippine islands was given at the Academy of Music last evening. The overshadowing feature of the occasion was the presence of Admiral and Mrs. Dewey, who came from Washington for the purpose of lending their aid to the concert by their attendance. The concert was a success, the large auditorium being entirely filled. The audience was made up almost entirely of women.

From the academy the admiral and his wife were driven to the hotel and there the admiral received nearly a dozen newspaper men. He said he was glad to receive the reporters, but added that he had nothing to say. At this moment Mrs. Dewey joined her husband and, after introducing her he said: "Mrs. Dewey will talk," to which she replied, with a smile, "that the admiral has a mind of his own; he thinks for himself."

"Are you correctly reported to be a democrat?" the admiral was asked, and after a moment's hesitation he replied:

"Yes, I think I can answer that. Yes, I am a democrat."

"If the republicans nominate McKinley and the democrats nominate Bryan for the presidency, would you run independently?"

"I won't answer that."

THUGS AND THIEVES.

Plied Their Avocations While Protecting a Trio of Salary Grabbers.

Chicago, April 4.—A small riot occurred Tuesday at the meeting of the South town board in which several taxpayers who went to protest against what they termed "a salary grab" by the retiring officials of the board were roughly handled. Some time ago Collector Barnett, Supervisor Shannon and Clerk Ryan, of the South town, voted themselves an aggregate of $23,000 out of the town funds. A mighty protest was made, but without avail. Yesterday a meeting of South town electors was held to ratify the action of the officials and a delegation of prominent business men went to fight the ratification.

The three officials filled the room with a large number of their personal friends. Bankers, real estate dealers and insurance men clamored in vain for admission to the cramped meeting room, only to shout their protests amid derision from the element in control. Then the protestants were pushed, jostled and shoved around the town offices, while toughs gouged and stol

Col. H. S. Dieterich, one of the real estate board's crusaders, was hemmed in a doorway while an "elector" smashed his right ear. E. G. Keith, president of the Metropolitan bank, was whirled in the center of a revolving football wedge till his back and shoulders ached. While the gridiron tactics prevailed ex-Judge Hawes was robbed of a $100 jeweled shirt pin, and a $50 diamond scarf clasp was snatched from the necktie of George L. Warner, president of the real estate board.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

The Results in Chicago, Milwaukee and Other Western Cities.

Chicago, April 4.—A very light vote was cast at the city election Tuesday. The contests were chiefly aldermanic, although in each of the various townships an assessor, collector, supervisor and clerk were chosen. The chief interest centered in the aldermanic vote. Thirty-five of these officials were chosen, the republicans securing 19 and the democrats 16. The old city council contained 32 democrats, 35 republicans and one independent. The new council will contain 40 republicans and 29 democrats, making an additional member of the council. In the elections for town officers, the republicans carried the South town, Hyde Park and town of Lake, while the democrats carried the North and West towns. The majorities in these cases were all small, running from 1,000 to 3,000. In the townships outside the city limits the republicans as usual made a clean sweep, electing their entire ticket.

Lincoln, Neb., April 4.—Republicans elected their entire city ticket yesterday by a normal majority, all members of the school board and five of the seven aldermen, a republican gain of one alderman.

Milwaukee, April 4.—Mayor David S. Rose, dem., has been re-elected by at least 5,000 plurality over Henry J. Baumgartner, rep.

Porto Rican Mob Assaults Laborers.

San Juan, Porto Rico, April 4.—A crowd of about 500 persons gathered Monday at a pier under construction by the E. B. Jenks Co., of New York, intimidated the native carpenters and forced 35 of them to quit work. The present rate of wages is $1.50 for ten hours' labor. The leaders of the movement demanded an eight-hour day. At noon Tuesday a mob of over 10,000 people attacked the laborers. There were 150 policemen on duty, but they made no attempt to disperse the crowd and a company of infantry was called out to preserve order.

AN ARMY OF MENDICANTS.

Sick and Starving Porto Ricans Invade the Cities of the Island.

Ponce, Porto Rico, April 6.—An announcement having been made that the Porto Rican Benevolent society would relieve the poor of Ponce, the town is simply overwhelmed with an army of starving or pauperized folk. No fewer than 200 men, women and children, sick and starving, are living in the corridor of the city hall and in a kiosk on the plaza. Most of these are fed by the society. Letters have been received announcing that 5,000 more are on the way.

The city will deport outside paupers who are now here and the station guard will prevent the entrance into the city of others. The price of provisions continues very high and discontent grows, but thus far there has been no public demonstration.

It is reported that an executioner has been found to carry out the sentence passed by the Porto Rican supreme court upon five murderers condemned to be garroted, and the garroting will take place Saturday.

San Juan, Porto Rico, April 6.—Delegations representing the country poor arrive at the palace almost daily. They tell the usual story of starvation and want, and ask for food and work. Two important delegations have put in appearance this week, the latest being from Aguas Buenos, consisting of 100 men and 50 women in procession, headed by two 10-year-old girls carrying black flags, to signify that they were mourning for existing conditions. Although the situation is certainly very bad, it is the opinion of some that in some instances the applicants for relief are really directed by political bosses who hope to secure road work. For instance, 5,000 rations have been issued weekly at Aguas Buenos for the last three months.

Further material relief will follow from the recent granting of road-making contracts involving an outlay of $600,000, although the authorities have not yet announced how they propose to distribute the appropriation.

The pier strikers are quiet and no further demonstrations have been made. The property, however, is still guarded by the troops. All the native laborers from St. Thomas have been dismissed and American laborers will be employed.

ARE RIPE FOR REVOLT.

Chinese are Only Waiting for Their Emperor to Die, in Order to Begin Civil War.

Vancouver, B. C., April 6.—A belief that a general rebellion in China will follow the announcement of the emperor's death existed when the steamer Empress of Japan left Oriental waters. It is said that Emperor Kwang Su looks very ill and it is not thought he can live long.

In Liang Kang province 140,000 Huanese are armed and ripe for rebellion and are only held in check by former Viceroy Lu, who is himself a Huanese.

It is reported that at a council meeting the dowager empress asked Jung Lu if the guards under him were loyal. He replied that if a rebellion arose on account of the emperor's death or deposition, neither he nor his corps of commanders could prevent nine-tenths of the army joining the rebels. To this reply, however, Princes Ching and Tuan, the latter the father of Pu Chun, the heir apparent, answered that they and their Manchus of the Pekin field force could cope with any rebels in or out of China, and the empress dowager seemed willing to rely on this boast, although the Manchu troops number only 10,000.

A TRAIN BURNED.

Two Men Killed and Several Injured in a Railroad Wreck in Texas.

Fort Worth, Tex., April 6.—One of the most serious wrecks in the history of the Fort Worth & Denver railroad occurred Thursday at a point just south of Magenta, 376 miles north of this city. As a result two men are dead and several others injured.

At the time of the accident the train was running at full speed when it struck a defect in the track, caused by a partial washout. The entire train was ditched, the cars being piled in a heap. Fire then started in the debris, consuming the entire mass of wrecked cars. Many passengers who managed to extricate themselves were badly burned. Mail Clerk John F. Dane, of Denver, was buried beneath the mass of wreckage and burned to death. John J. Kuntz, a passenger, also lost his life. Agent McGinnis, of the Wells-Fargo Express Co., is unable to say what the loss of money and valuables will be. The loss to the railroad will be heavy, as the entire train was burned.

Did Pay Some Dividends.

New York, April 6.—The trial of William F. Miller, head of the Franklin syndicate, who promised to pay 520 per cent. a year to investors, was continued yesterday. A number of persons who had deposited money with the syndicate testified. Mrs. M. B. Thomas, who was a cashier in the employ of the Franklin syndicate, was also a witness. She testified that on some days she had paid out as much as $11,000 to $13,000 in dividends on slips that were presented. On the day on which the syndicate was closed she was given $5,000 in the morning to pay dividends, and when this was exhausted $3,000 additional.

Drew a Life Sentence.

Detroit, April 6.—A murder trial which developed an extraordinary contest over the issue of the mental responsibility of the perpetrator ended last night in the recorder's court with the conviction of Henry E. Hamberger, a youth of 20 years. He was sentenced by Judge Murphy to life imprisonment in the pententiary at Jackson. Hamberger confessed to the police that he killed John M. Reindel, a bicycle repairer, in Reindel's place of business. The sole defense was that of mental irresponsibility.

DANGER SIGNALS

British See Them Along the Road to Pretoria.

REDDERSBURG DISASTER

Five Companies of English Soldiers are "Lost."

A VICTORY FOR METHUEN.

He Reports the Capture of 54 Boers—Gen. Villebois Is Killed—No Prisoners to be Exchanged—Englishmen Must Leave Pretoria.

London, April 7.—The war office yesterday afternoon posted a dispatch from Lord Roberts announcing Lord Methuen's capture of 54 Boers and the killing of Gen. Villebois Mareuil, the chief of staff of the Boer army. This news had been started a few minutes when a second telegram was bulletined, reporting the loss of five companies of British infantry. The lost companies are part of the force guarding the railroad at Reddersburg, 30 miles south of Bloemfontein. In the death of Gen. Villebois Mareuil the Boers lost their best instructed soldier in continental methods of warfare.

The British public is beginning to realize the immense difficulties to be overcome before Pretoria is reached and is revising premature ideas with respect to the time when the war will be over. No one now believes that it will have ended by the beginning of June. The latest disaster more particularly illustrates the heavy task involved in holding the railway. It can not be concealed that the utmost alarm is beginning to be felt.

It is said that the Boers who captured the British at Reddersburg belonged to Olivier's commando. If so he has not retired north, and hopes are expressed that he may still be cut off.

It is asserted that 4,000 rebels surrendered during Gen. Clement's northward march. The Boers will do their utmost to hold Ladybrand and Thaba N'Chu, both being rich grain producing districts.

The reports that Mr. Steyn had been appointed to the command of the Free Staters and that the Free State has arranged a loan from the Transvaal for war purposes are both confirmed.

Another Boer version of the fighting with Col. Plumer's force says that four officers and 30 men were taken prisoners at Ramathlabama.

As numerous prisoners are now held on both sides and the numbers are about equal, the question of exchanging was mooted in the house of commons last evening. This elicited a reply that the government had no intention of proposing an exchange.

The Pretoria correspondent of the Daily Mail, telegraphing Thursday, says: "Col. Plumer's column is returning north."

Lorenzo Marquez, April 7.—According to a dispatch from Pretoria all British subjects have been ordered to quit Pretoria and Johannesburg immediately, except some 400 who are permitted, under a recent law, to remain in the Rand. Those who are expelled number about 600.

The prisoners and guns taken at Sannas Post have arrived at Pretoria.

Tied Up by a Strike.

Chicago, April 7.—A strike of 100 power house employes of the Chicago City Railway Co. tied up 170 miles of electric lines last night for two hours at the busiest time and crippled the whole service for the balance of the night. To further complicate the situation a steam pipe at the power plant broke, rendering useless for an hour that branch of the cable system south of Thirty-ninth street. The men who went out objected to a change from an eight to a 12-hour day. The change also threw one-third of the men out of employment, as two shifts under the new conditions could do the work of three.

Moyse Is Sentenced.

New Orleans, April 7.—Julian Moyse, alias Capt. Clark, who during Mardi Gras married Miss Bertha Warnke under the false representation that he was commander of the battleship Texas, and who was convicted on the charge of impersonating an United States officer and with having obtained money under false pretenses, was yesterday sentenced to three years' imprisonment.

A Blue and Gray Reunion.

Corinth, Miss., April 7.—The thirty-eighth anniversary of the battle of Shiloh, when the armies commanded by Grant and Buell met the forces of Albert Sidney Johnston and Beauregard, was celebrated Friday by a grand reunion of veterans of both the Federal and Confederate cause on the field where they once met in strife. Many distinguished soldiers of both sides were present.

Killed by a Stray Bullet.

Gladstone, Mich., April 7.—Miss Lydia Barster, 23 years old, was shot and killed Friday at Isabella, where she was teaching school. A stray bullet entered the school house window and passed through her heart.

McLean Will be on Hand.

Kansas City, April 7.—John R. McLean, brother-in-law of Admiral Dewey, has engaged elaborate quarters at one of the leading hotels for the democratic convention in July. The rooms are very choice and it is hinted that they are to be shared by Admiral Dewey.

Whitney Pleads Not Guilty.

New York, April 7.—William C. Whitney said yesterday that all statements suggesting that he is connected with the candidacy of Admiral Dewey for the presidency are without foundation.

Cameron County Press.

ESTABLISHED BY C. B. GOULD.

HENRY H. MULLIN,
Editor and Manager.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

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ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year or for six or three months are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2 00; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

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No local inserted for less than 75 cts. per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete, and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO Law Printing.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

EDITORIAL MENTION.

The Kansas City Journal inquires how it happens, if free trade with Porto Rico be right, that Pettigrew is in favor of the policy.

Secretary Gage has been examining into our surplus of revenue, Secretary Carlisle was always occupied in figuring up his deficiency.

Republican gains in Nebraska's local elections are a favorable indication of something greater in the same direction in November.

Ex-President Cleveland has expressed himself in approval of the Hay-Pouncefote treaty for the neutralization of the Nicaraguan Canal.

Disfranchisement in the State of North Carolina may save the Democracy there the incovenience their party has experienced in Kentucky.

The United States is now the world's greatest producer and exporter of meats, which form one of the most important features of our export trade.

The lean and hungry appearance of Jerry Simpson's newspaper indicates quite plainly that the Kansas farmers are not traveling in Jerry's direction this year.

Armor plate is likely to again create discussion in Congress on a Democratic minority report. The naval appropriation bill will probably be delayed in consequence.

In 1895 there were 13,588 miles of street railway track in the United States. In 1898 there were 17,291 miles. This is another indication of our recent progress and prosperity.

The Nesbit law is expected to do for Missouri what the Gobel law has done for Kentucky. If it does, then Missouri should be made the terminal point for considerable sympathy.

Senator Pettigrew is constantly calling on the different departments for information. Yet Mr. Pettigrew has the reputation of being the most thoroughly misinformed man in Washington.

The Democrats of the District of Columbia want the Hon. William Sulzer for Vice President. The Democrats of the District of Columbia are not the least bit extravagant in their wants.

It is but natural for the Democratic party to oppose the building up of the American marine. It will be recalled that the Democratic party claimed that American tin plate was an impossibility.

Does anybody know of a piece of general legislation proposed or promoted by Mr. Bryan? The gentleman from Nebraska served in Congress for two terms and put in his entire time talking for publication.

The Republican "clean sweeps" in the Mississippi Valley do not indicate a revolt because the Republicans in Congress have not adopted free trade with Porto Rico to suit the Democrats and establish a dangerous precedent.

School Entertainment.

The annual entertainment, given by the Sterling Run school, was held in Maccabee hall, Thursday and Friday evenings to crowded houses.

The program was finely rendered and great credit is due Prin. D. B. Peterson, and Miss Marsh, primary teacher.

The quartette composed of Messrs. Goodall and Olmsted, Mrs. Moore and Miss Nettie Kissell, finely rendered several pleasing selection.

The drill, which was splendidly executed by the smaller members of the primary room reflects great credit upon their teacher, Miss Marsh. James Furlong and Chas May in their "Irish" and "negro" parts, respectively made the "hits" of the evening, both being peculiarly adapted to their parts.

Altogether it was one of the finest entertainments given in years. Several out of town visitors were present both evenings.

Red Tape Illustrated.

A correspondent passing hurriedly into the room of the committee on rivers and harbors pulled the knob off the door.

"How can I get that fixed, do you think?" asked the congressman. "Shall I get the carpenter or the locksmith?"

"The locksmith, I suppose."

"No, sir. Were I to send for the locksmith he would tell me to consult the architect of the capitol. He has no authority to fix doorknobs. Doorknobs are permanent fixtures and are solely within the jurisdiction of the architect of the capitol."

"Do you see that bookcase there?" said the committee secretary. "I caused the carpenter to paste some cloth on the inside of the glass doors in order that the books might not show. He did the work, but when he had finished I noted that he had not cleaned the glass before he put the cloth on. The thing looked so disreputable that I asked him why he had not cleaned the glass. He told me that the glass was a permanent fixture and that he had no authority to touch it, but that the placing of the cloth upon it was a temporary matter and was entirely within the province of his labors. The whole thing's got to be done all over again."—Washington Cor. Cleveland Plain Dealer.

She Didn't Buy It.

The following story will show the high price that illustrators of reputation command for their work: A young woman who had received treatment from Dr. S. Weir Mitchell of Philadelphia and was very fond of him decided, at a recent celebration of his birthday, that a fitting and appropriate gift would be the presentation of one of the original drawings of Mr. Howard Pyle for "Hugh Wynne." Forthwith she invaded The Century company's sanctum and, with her fingers tenderly grasping a new $10 note, asked to buy the drawing. She was informed that these pictures were never sold unless exceptions were made in cases where the artist himself or the author wished to make the purchase.

"Just so," said the young woman. "I wish to present it to Dr. Mitchell."

"Ah, in that case," said the gentleman at the desk, "we shall take pleasure in giving it to you at the exact price we paid for it, which is $100."

The little lady in her excitement dropped the $10 bill. The gentleman at the desk picked it up for her and smiled while she hurriedly took her departure. The good doctor was presented with a less appropriate gift that year.—New York Times.

Clear and to the Point.

The following is taken from a hotel advertisement in the Calcutta Times: "Gentlemen who come in hotel not say anything about their meals they will be charged for, and if they should say beforehand that they are going out to breakfast or dinner, etc., and if they say that they not have anything to eat they will be charged, and if not so they will not be charged, or unless they bring it to the notice of the manager of the place, and should they want to say anything they must order the manager for one, not any one else, and unless they bring not it to the notice of the manager they will be charged for the least things according to the hotel rate, and no fuss will be allowed afterward about it."

A Poultry Problem.

A Somerville man borrowed a neighbor's hen on the pretense that he wanted her to sit. As soon as he got the hen he broke up the sitting habit and got her to laying eggs. In the next six weeks she laid two dozen eggs. These he sold for 40 cents a dozen, and with the 80 cents that he got for them he bought the hen. Now the question arises whether the original owner of the hen was fooled or not.—Somerville Journal.

A Misleading Item.

Johnny—Old Mr. Skinflint must be an awful generous man.

His Father—Why?

Johnny—The paper says he constantly keeps a good watch on everybody in his employ.—Jewelers' Weekly.

Reward.

We, the undersigned druggists, offer a reward of 50 cents to any person who purchases of us, two 25 cent boxes of Baxter's Mandraks Bitters Tablets, if it fails to cure constipation, biliousness, sick-headache, jaundice, loss of appetite, sour stomach, dyspepsia, liver complaint, or any of the diseases for which it is recommended. Price 25 cents for either tablets or liquid. We will also refund the money on one package of either if it fails to give satisfaction. L. Taggart. R. C. Dodson. 34-25ly

Sinnemahoning Liars Club.

The liars club was called to order by great Annias J. V. Hanscom. After a few well aimed remarks by his assistant the gavel sounded and the club was brought to order. John Johnson was called upon, and he said he cut a large tree one day which happened to be hollow and when the tree struck the ground it broke open and twenty-five coons made their escape, and still it wan'nt much of a day for coons. He was fined eight cents but he promised to do better next time.

Pap Blodget, who was sent to Driftwood last Thursday night to solict members for our club was called on for his report. He said that on arriving at that busy town he found that the Emporium club had sent a delegation ahead of him, composed of H. H. Mullin, E. W. Gaskill, Geo. Metzger and C. J. Goodnough. Now to have made this list complete, they should have sent in addition to the above named gentlemen, Wm. Dalrymple and Fred Hill, and the town would have been captured. The old man, who was shot at a couple of times with three fingers and no chaser, caught next train for Emporium. After looking around for some time, met "Smike" who ushered him iato a side door and tapped a jug of cider, which he called the "pendulum brand." Pap not being accustomed to this kind of a beverage did not admire the drink very much, and said it reminded him of creek water. Pap's report was accepted and placed on file.

Grundy Logue will tell us a few whoppers as soon as bass season opens. He told a small one for a starter. Logue said he caught a sucker 14 inches wide between the eyes and weighed thirty pounds. This story was too much for Tom Snyder and he hit Geo. Shafer a left hander, knocking him over seven beer kegs, and a general fight was started, several members being badly used up. Pap Blodget especially, being hit with a nut from a ten inch shaft. Beldin interfeared and threw out seven old members; John Johnson, also being slightly wounded. Hanscome had a hard tussle, but finally restored order. Being no further business the club adjourned.

FIDE.

Gardeau.

Chas. Heidrick has gone to Austin to live.

Mr. Sears will try farming again this Summer.

Max Phillips, of Grenoir, visited his wife here last week.

We understand another wedding is booked for the near future.

Frank Remhatly has moved to his Keating Summit farm.

Mr. Lon Finck and son, of Brockport, N. Y., are visiting friends at this place.

Mrs. Nellie Murphy, formerly of Austin, has moved into the Zacharias house.

N. C. Strum and A. C. Beeman visited Sizerville on Tuesday—too late to assist at the fire.

John Story has accepted a position as night watchman at H. C. Crawford's Sizerville mill.

Heidrick Bros. have given up the wood job as a bad job, claiming it to be worth $6.00 per cord instead of $3.75.

Rev. Tom McKinty has gotten settled in the parsonage. He seems to be a first-class gentleman in every respect.

M. Z. Lingenfelter has purchased the Taylor house and taken possession of the same. Mr. Taylor has moved to South Dakota.

Mrs. E. C. Davey, of Four Mile, accompanied by Mrs. Maher and Miss Zimmers, passed through our burg on Monday, en route for Keating Summit.

DICK TURBIN.

Huston Hill.

The robbins are back again.

The infant son of C. C. and Mary Connors, died April the 3rd, aged five weeks. The funeral last Thursday was the largest ever attended at the Huston Hill school house, excepting one.

Miss Oral A. Jordan, of Huntley, visited friends on the hill Saturday and Sunday of last week.

Our school closed last Thursday after a very successful term. Owing to the small room she had to teach in, being unusually small. Nevertheless, Myrta was active and earnest in her work and accomplished good results. Her many friends are sorry to see her go away.

TRUTH.

W. M. Mayhew, Merton, Wis., says, "I consider One Minute Cough Cure a most wonderful medicine, quick and safe." It is the only harmless remedy that gives immediate results. It cures coughs, colds, croup, bronchitis, grippe, whooping-cough, pneumonia and all throat and lung diseases. Its early use prevents consumption. Children always like it and mothers endorse it. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

On their first spins all bicyclists have the same tire.

$500 Reward.

We will pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness we cannot cure with Liverita, the up-to-date Little Liver Pill, when the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely Vegetable, and never fail to give satisfaction. 25c boxes contain 100 Pills, 10c boxes contain 40 Pills, 5c boxes containes 15 Pills. Beware of substitutions and imitations. Sent by mail; stamps taken. NERVITA MEDICAL CO., Cor. Clinton and Jackson Sts., Chicago, Ill. Sold by R. C. Dodson, Druggist Emporium, Pa. 34-49ly

ALL SORTS.

Cleanse the liver, purity the blood, invigorate the body by using DeWitt's Little Early risers. These famous little pills always act promptly. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

Howley might comfort himself by the reflection that there is also an eclipse of the sun this year.

H. Clark, Chauncey, Ga., says DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cured him of piles that had afflicted him for twenty years. It is also a speedy cure for skin diseases. Beware of dangerous counterfeits. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

Perhaps it might comfort the Puerto Ricans if they could understand the speeches.

"I think DeWitt's Little Early Risers are the best pills in the world," says W. E. Lake, Happy Creek, Va. They remove all obstructions of the liver and bowels, act quickly and never gripe. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

The Pennsylvania Democracy had better install a permanent harmonizing machine.

Otto Korb, Grand Chancellor, K. P., Boonville, Ind., says, "DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve sooths the most delicate skin and heals the most stubborn ulcer with certain and good results." Cures piles and skin diseases. Don't buy an immitation. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

Perhaps Dill might be successfully employed to intervene in the Howley matter.

J. I. Carson, Prothonotary, Washington, Pa., says, "I have found Kodol Dyspepsia Cure an excellent remedy in case of stomach trouble, and have derived great benefit from its use." It digests what you eat and can not fail to cure. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

None of the British generals are now checking their baggage for Pretria.

"No family can afford to be without One Minute Cough Cure. It will stop a cough and cure a cold quicker than any other medicine," writes C. W. Williams, Sterling Run, Pa. It cures croup, bronchitis and all throat and lung troubles and prevents consumption. Pleasant and harmless. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

The spring wedding season will soon be here, regardless of the weather.

W. H. Shipman, Beardsley, Minn., under oath, says he suffered from dyspepsia for twenty-five years. Doctors and dieting gave but little relief. Finally he used Kodol Dyspepsia Cure and now eats what he likes and as much as he wants, and he feels like a new man. It digests what you eat. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

We might trade some of the surplus off for better weather.

Remarkable Cure of Rheumatism.

KENNA, Jackson Co., W. Va.

About three years ago my wife had an attack of rheumatism which confined her to her bed for over a month and rendered her unable to walk a step without assistance, her limbs being swollen to double their normal size. Mr. S. Maddock insisted on my using Chamberlain's Pain Balm. I purchased a fifty-cent bottle and used it according to directions and the next morning she walked to breakfast without assistance in any manner, and she has not had a similar attack since.—A. B. PARSONS. For sale by L. Taggart. apr

Hair-Health

Most people are gray—or worse—their hair fades, breaks off, or falls out before it should. The young matron of forty sees the frost stealing into her hair or else it is losing its fresh look, or growing thin, short or faded, and she is showing signs of ageing before her time. This should not be.

HAY'S HAIR-HEALTH is a hair food, nourishing the roots, forcing new growth, restoring freshness and beauty, and **positively turning the gray hair back to its youthful color. Not a dye.** Does not soil scalp or clothing; is not greasy or sticky; does not rub off.

Hay's Hair-Health is a refreshing, fragrant dressing, necessary to a careful toilet. Cannot be detected by your friends. Equally good for men and women.

Ask for **Hay's Hair-Health** and **refuse all substitutes. H.H.H.** is sold by leading druggists everywhere. Sent by express, prepaid, in plain sealed package, by LONDON SUPPLY CO., 853 Broadway, N. Y., also a 25c. cake **Harfina Medicated Soap**, best soap for toilet, bath, skin and hair. All on receipt of 60c. and this ad.

LARGE 50c. BOTTLES. AT ALL DRUGGISTS'.

AFTER THE BATTLE

Some are found bleeding and sore, while others have a fit of the blues. Now if there should be any so unfortunate as to suffer from the effects of accidents we have the Balm for their pains and aches, let it be either for man or beast.

Our liniment and powders for horses or cattle are always the best.

Our medicines are pure and always get there. The prices are right, too.

Our patent medicine department is supplied with all the standard remedies and we can supply your on short notice.

Our toilet and fancy goods department we keep up to the times.

Our Prescription department receives our closest attention and all calls answered day or night. Just touch the button. In fact we are here to do business and serve the public.

M. - A. - ROCKWELL,
THE PHARMACIST,

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that I have this day sold and transfered the business of the McInnes Steel Works, including the complete plant, to the McInnes Steel Company, who will hereafter conduct the business.

McINNES STEEL WORKS,
JOHN J. McINNES.

March 1st, 1900.

NOTICE is hereby given that the business formerly owned and controlled by the McInnes Steel Works will hereafter be conducted by the McInnes Steel Company, who have purchased the complete plant and business.

THE McINNES STEEL COMPANY,
ALEX. McINNES, Manager.

March 1st, 1900.—6-3t

Advertise in the PRESS

HENCH & DROMGOLD'S

SAWMILL AND ENGINES

A wonderful improvement in **Friction Feeds** and **Gig-Back.** Back motion of Carriage **3 times** as fast as any other in the market. **Friction Clutch Feed,** causing all the feed gearing to stand still while backing; **great saving in power and wear.** Catalogue and prices free. Also **Spring Harrows, Cultivators, Corn Planters, Shellers,** etc. *Mention this paper.*

HENCH & DROMGOLD, Mfrs., York, Pa.

Deal with the Makers

No. 3054 Buggy. Price $38.30 with leather quarter top.

When you buy a carriage, buggy or harness. Choose from the biggest stock and fullest assortment, and pay only the cost of making, with but one moderate profit added. Our plan of selling direct from the factory insures satisfaction—your money back if you're dissatisfied with your purchase—and enables you to

save the dealer's profit

No. 240 Single Strap Buggy Harness. Price $8.15

Our complete illustrated catalogue, showing many styles of high grade vehicles, harness, robes, blankets, and horse equipments, with detailed descriptions of each, mailed free. Write for it and learn how cheaply you can buy when the jobber's and dealer's profits are cut off.

THE COLUMBUS CARRIAGE & HARNESS CO., P. O. Box 772, Columbus, O.

The Dear Children!

WHO HAVE BEEN SHUT UP ALL WINTER WILL NOW HAVE THE BENEFIT OF THE FRESH SPRING AIR.

We have just received the finest line of Carriages from the best house in the land—all new and at prices within your reach. Come and take a peep at these goods.

NEW CARPETS AND NEW FURNITURE.

While our delivery wagon has been kept busy filling orders for our customers the railroads keep shipping in the newest styles in Carpets and Furniture. Don't wait until you have cleaned house before you come for that new carpet or furniture—come now and we will be ready for you. Our Carpets are going at our bargain prices. Our prices on furniture are always right.

GEO. J. LaBAR

CLOSING OUT SALE,

OF

HENRIETTA SKIRTS,

HARVARD MUFFLERS,

FASCINATORS,

CHILDREN'S KNIT HOODS

AND CAPS,

AT REDUCED PRICES.

BALCOM & LLOYD,

Fourth Street, Emporium, Pa.

EMPORIUM
MILLING COMPANY.

PRICE LIST.

Emporium, Pa., April 5, 1900.

NEMOPHILA, per sack,	$1 10
Graham, "	55
Rye "	55
Buckwheat, "	75
Patent Meal, "	45
Coarse Meal, per 100,	1 10
Chop Feed, "	1 10
White Middlings, "	1 10
Bran, "	1 10
Corn, per bushel,	60
White Oats, per bushel,	40
Choice Clover Seed, Choice Timothy Seed, Choice Millet Seed, Fancy Kentucky Blue Grass,	At Market Prices.

R. C. DODSON,
—THE—
Druggist,
EMPORIUM, PA.

IS LOCATED IN THE CORNER STORE.

At Fourth and Chestnut Sts..

THE SPRING CHICKEN.

There is no need of special remedies for young and healthy person. The spring chicken has been noted for its unwisdom. If you would have health and keep it, you must be wise and prudent. When you have a symptom, go after it. Prevent its developing. When you are well keep well. The only way you may is by having the best drugs at hand at all times.

Lots of Easter egg coloring. Perfectly harmless.

R. C. DODSON.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

Contributions invited. That which you would like to see in this department, let us know by postal card, or letter, personally.

W. P. Lloyd returned Wednesday evening from a business trip to Buffalo.

Associate Judge, John McDonald, of Driftwood, was a PRESS visitor on Monday.

Judge Wykoff came up from Gibson on Tuesday and attended the county convention.

C. D. Oysterhout, of Ridgway, Elk Tanning Company's bark inspector, was in town on Monday.

Master Mechanic G. M. Pott went to Lebanon last evening to visit his family for a couple of days.

Harry Moorehouse, of Pittsburg, is visiting N. Seger and family in town, and transacting business.

John Cummerford was down from Elk county yesterday, rejoicing over the arrival of that big boy at his home.

Hon. I. K. Hockley and wife went to Williamsport yesterday to visit their daughter before she starts for England.

Msss Sadie Smith, who has been visiting her home at Portville, N. Y., returned Friday evening, at her sister's Mrs. Seth J. Hackett.

Postmaster Lewis, of Sterling Run, was in Emporium yesterday and paid the PRESS sanctum a visit, accompanied by postmaster Seger.

W. T. McCloskey, who has been visiting relatives and friends in Emporium for several days, returned to Pittsburg Tuesday morning.

Rev. Ebersole, of Sterling Run, who has returned from an extended visit to Canada, was shaking hands with Emporium friends yesterday.

Sol. Ross, of Wharton, who has been suffering from a tumor for some time, underwent a successful operation for its removal last week by Drs. Knight and Ashcraft of this place.—Coudersport Democrat.

Miss Martha Kaye came up from Williamsport last Saturday to spend Sunday with her parents. She was accompanied by her cousin, J. Howard Kaye and Miss Rose Transeau.

J. A. Muttersbaugh, Dr. V. K. Corbet and D. J. Donahue, delegates in attendance at the Republican county convention, last Tuesday, were welcome callers at the PRESS office.

Rev. Johnston preached his first sermon in Austin on Sunday, and was greeted by a large congregation both morning and evening.——Allen Baldwin, of Emporium, was doing business in town Tuesday.—Austin Autograph.

J. L. Johnson and Archie McDonald of Emporium registered at the Horton house yesterday.——Wm. Law of Emporium, a popular engineer of the W. N. Y. & P., was in town between trains on Saturday morning last.—Port Allegany Press.

Miss Alice Wright, of Renovo, is the guest of T. F. More and wife.

County Treasurer, C. M. Thomas, returned yesterday from a business trip to Legonire, Pa.

Stowe Barton appeared up town Tuesday evening and informed his friends that he *had* returned from that region from whence no traveler returns.

Last Friday, Mrs. B. Coyle received a telegram conveying the sad intelligence that her sister, Mrs. Thos. Whitton, who resided a Philipsburg, was dead. Mrs. C. immediately departed for Philipsburg, returning home last evening.

Miss Nellie O'Day has accepted a position as clerk in one of the leading stores in Emporium, where she will remain during the summer months.—Kane Republican. The Republican is in error. Miss O'Day is with J. S. Douglas in Olean, but visited friends here en route to that place.

C. W. Barr, a prominent lumberman of Sterling Run, and Miss Addie Coleman, one of Renovo's most estimable young ladies, were married last evening at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. J. McCoy, West Fourth street, by Rev. R. H. Colburn.—Tuesday's Williamsport News.

Thos. H. Norris, Supt. of Portland Tannery, arrived in town Tuesday afternoon and remained in town over night, guest of C. C. Fay and wife. His many Emporium friends were glad to meet him and extend congratulations on that wonderful boy. Ye editor was pleased to greet our esteemed friend, whose friendship we highly prize.

M. W. Whiting, of Sterling Run, was in Emporium last Saturday and called to see the PRESS and square himself with the printer. Mr. Whiting is one of our most energetic lumbermen and is a member of the extensive lumber firm of Thomas & Whiting, engaged in business at the present time at Ligonier, Pa. Mr. W. is a native of this county and his friends are pleased to see him prospering.

What Do You Earn?

It's what you save, not what you earn, that makes you rich. Riches amassed in haste will diminish; but these collected by hand and little by little will multiply. Every man or woman can save money if they will, by adopting some systematic method of laying aside each day or week a certain sum—ten cents each working day for five years would amount to $156,50. The loose change which many young men throw away carelessly, or worse, would often form the basis of a fortune and independence. It is by economy that the loaf is multiplied, little becomes much, scattered fragments grows to unity. It is not merely saving. It is the foresight and arrangement to lay aside a certain amount for a fixed purpose.

"No summer but hath his winter.
He never reaped comfort in adversity,
That sowed it not in prosperity."

Communities which live wholly from hand to mouth never make much progress. Savings mean power. Children should learn early in life the lessons of economy, they can more easily be learned if their savings are for a fixed or definite purpose.

Emmanuel Church, Good Friday And Easter Notices.

Good Friday services at 10 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Easter-Day, 7:30 a. m. Holy Communion, 11 a. m. morning prayer, Holy Communion and sermon. Smart's Te-Deum, Stainer's Anthem, "They Have Taken Away My Lord," and parts of Tours' Service will be used.

7:30 p. m.: Evening Prayer and Sermon.

The Sunday School Festival will be held at 4 p. m. Hymns and carols will be sung, and the mite-boxes received.

Easter-Monday. 7:30 p. m. Evening Prayer. The annual parish meeting for the election of Vestrymen will be held immediately after.

The new Vestry will meet in Mr. Green's office, on Wednesday, April 18, at 3:30 p. m,

Woman Arrested.

Last Tuesday P. & E. Detective Joy came to Emporium and arrested Mrs. Irve Parks, on the charge of stealing goods, while clerking in Koser's store at Renovo. She was given a hearing at Renovo and in default of bail, was committed to jail. "Stub" Swartwood, of this place, who was mixed up in the case, was arrested yesterday on a warrant and held in $200 bail—R. Warner becoming his surety. This morning when the night watchman went to his room to call him, he being employed at Warner House bus driver, it was discovered that he had "skipped."

An Old Relic.

R. P. Bingman, who purchased the side-hill land south of Emporium Furnace, recently found a curiosity, while clearing the land. Deposited in a hollow cherry tree he found an almanac of 1839, evidently placed there for safe keeping. The almanac is covered with linen and stitched with home-spun yarn. The old book was published by a Philadelphia firm. It is quite a curiosity. Who could have placed it there? Will some of our oldest residents give us an idea.

BRIEF MENTION.

Alumni Association will hold a banquet this year.

Prospects for the locating of the Silk Mill in Emporium are very favorable.

Repairs were completed at the furnace last Saturday and work resumed on Monday.

Work has commenced at the coke ovens, there being now about ten or fifteen men employed.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Morse's infant daughter ELLA E., aged four weeks, died on Tuesday. The funeral took place yesterday afternoon, Rev. Robertson officiating.

Emporium has more genuine measles to the square inch than any other town in the state. No home is in style unless one or more members of the family are having a measley time.

One of H. C. Crawford's houses, at Sizerville, occupied by John Norris, was destroyed by fire last Monday afternoon. No insurance. John Norris had just moved into the house and lost part of his furniture.

A woman's idea of tact, says an exchange, is to kick her husband's feet under the table when they have company and she is afraid he is going to say something. As she does the same thing when she wishes to impress upon him that he is to "say no more about it," the poor cuss is sometimes at a loss to understand the feetiographic signals.

In a neighboring town a salvation army advertiser wrote on a billboard "What shall I do to be saved?" A patent medicine man came along the next day and wrote underneath, "Take Carter's Little Liver Pills." Shortly afterward the salvation army man noticed the sacriligious work of the medicine man and printed below, "And prepare to meet thy God."

An old lady over north recently achieved eminence by carrying a quart of pop corn to a donation party, and eating two plates of oysters, a pound of crackers, three slices of fruit cake, half a mince pie, and some apples, after which she was threatened with a "spasm," and in the effort to prevent it sacrificed all the wine there was in the house. She attends donations regularly and does a great deal for the church in that way.—Genesee Democrat.

Will Have Delightful Trip.

Mr. and Mrs. William Howard, accompanied by Miss Ada Hockley, of Emporium, leave this morning for a summer's trip abroad. They will sail from New York Saturday on the Menominee for London, where they will remain for a week or more before proceeding to Yorkshire. From there they will visit Scotland, Ireland and points in Belgium, Holland, Germany, France, Switzerland and Italy. They will also attend the Paris exposition. They expect to return home during September.—To-Day's Bulletin.

Easter Souvenirs.

Everybody can have beautiful Easter lilies next Sunday without charge, for the great "Philadelphia Sunday Press" announces that every reader of the Easter number will receive free a splendid picture of Easter lilies. The picture is by a famous artist in ten colors and is 14x40 inches in size. It will not be creased by folding, so that every person who gets next Sunday's "Press" will get a perfect picture fit to adorn any home. And in addition to the picture there will be a finely illustrated booklet containing a remarkable love story—the kind you will sit up all night to read. This will also be free with next Sunday's "Press." Announcement is made that the supply of pictures and books is limited, hence it will be well to send in your order early.

Why Towns Die.

More towns die for the want of confidence on the part of the business men and lack of public spirit than from the rivalry of neighboring towns or adverse surroundings. When a man in search of a home or business location goes to town and finds everything brimful of hope and enthusiasm over the prospects of the place, and everybody at work to build up the town, he soon becomes imbued with the spirit, and as a result he drives down his stake and goes to work with the same interest. When, however, he goes to a town and everybody expresses doubt and apprehension in the future prosperity of the place, moping about and indulging in imaginary evils which are likely to befall the town, he naturally feels that it is no place for him, and at once shakes the dust from his feet, while he pulls with all possible speed for some other town. Consequently, try and make a live, enterprising, progressive town out of the one in which you live. When you are working or saying a good thing for your town you are accomplishing all the more for yourself.—Westmoreland Democrat.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

D. E. OLMSTED,
61 Fourth St., East,
NEAR ODD FELLOWS HALL.
Dry Goods Only.

Notwithstanding the general advance in prices, which only effects the goods bought this year, 1900, we shall continue to sell goods bought during 1899, at OLD PRICES, as long as they last.
We shall place on the centre counter, small lots of goods far below cost, to make room for spring stock.
New goods here, and more coming.

D. E. Olmsted,
EMPORIUM, PA.

R. SEGER & SON,
FASHIONABLE
Clothiers and Furnishers,
Next to Bank, Emporium, Pa.

New Spring Styles

Embracing everything in Clothing and Furnishing line now opened. Nothing like it ever seen in this county. Call and see the new styles in Neckwear, Collars, etc.

We are agents for

THE MAC HURDLE FULL DRESS SHIRTS.

And call the attention of our customers to this excellent line of wear. Those who desire a first-class article can now be accommodated.

R. SEGER & SON,
Emporium, Pa.

EASTER EGGS, HAMS, BACON.
DAY'S
EVERYTHING To PLEASE THE PALATE.
Emporium's Pure Food Store.

We are putting forth extra effort to make our store the very best, at which to supply the varied cravings of the inner man. We make it our business to watch the markets and supply our patrons with all the luxuries—as fast as they come within our reach—as well as the staples. You will do well to keep watch of us, especially at this season of the year, when new goods are constantly making their appearance

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY SPECIALS.

"HAMBURG", champion of England Peas, 12c can, worth, 15c.
LAKE SHORE TOMATOES, 9c can, $1.00 doz, worth, $1.20.
ELITE BRAND SALMON, 20c can, worth 25c. Elite Salmon is guaranteed to be equal to any put up on the Columbia River.
GRANULATED SUGAR, 6c lb.
DAVIS' O. K. BAKING POWDER, 18c lb. can, worth 20c.
IMPORTED MACCARONI, 12c lb. package, worth, 15c.
REGINA BRAND, extra Select Lemon Cling Peaches, 20c can, worth, 25c.
GOOD CALIFORNIA PRUNES, 6c, lb. Good value at 7c.
PURE BUCKWHEAT FLOUR, 70c sack.

POTATOES, 50 CENTS A BUSHEL. Money back if any cause for dissatisfaction.

TRY JA-MA-KA COFFEE.
The best for the money we ever tested, 20c lb.

Telephone 6, Fourth St.
J. H. DAY.

1900. 1900.
SPRING OPENING
—OF—
FURNITURE

We have been getting ready for this rare BEAUTY SHOW since last fall, to which all are invited, especially the critical eyes. You all need new furniture to replace those old worn out ones and here is the PLACE to buy. Don't take our word for it, the only way is to come in and see the

MOST POPULAR PRICED LINE OF FURNITURE
EVER OFFERED IN EMPORIUM.

OUR FLOOR space is crowded to its utmost capacity.
LINE is Larger, Better and is entirely NEW.
We have the LARGEST display of FURNITURE in the county and it is the BEST.
Peoples idea of BEST is different. Place our goods beside others and you will say we have the BEST.
If you like our BEST you buy. After you find it, as we "Guarantee" you keep on liking and we keep your money. Not otherwise.
All our Stock being strictly new and of the latest designs in Art Creations. This store is full of the newest and BEST goods and we respectfully invite you to see

Our Best	Parlor Suites,
Our Best	Bed Room Suites,
Our Best	Side Boards,
Our Best	Chiffioniers,
Our Best	Desks,
Our Best	Book Cases,
Our Best	Dining Chairs,
Our Best	Dining Tables,
Our Best	Couches,
Our Best	Baby Carriages,
Our Best	Go-Carts,
Our Best	Mattresses,
Our Best	Carpets,
Our Best	Matting,
Our Best	Rockers,

Undertaking!
Remember the place, next door to Odd Fellows Block.
THE EMPORIUM FURNITURE COMPANY,
BERNARD EGAN, Manager,
EMPORIUM. - - - PA.

Wholesale Prices to Users.
Our General Catalogue quotes them. Send 15c to partly pay postage or expressage and we'll send you one. It has 1100 pages, 17,000 illustrations and quotes prices on nearly 70,000 things that you eat and use and wear. We constantly carry in stock all articles quoted.
The Tallest Mercantile Building in the World, Owned and Occupied Exclusively By Us.
MONTGOMERY WARD & CO., Michigan Av. & Madison St., Chicago.

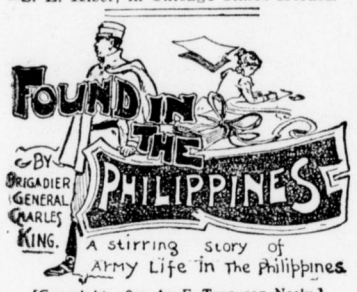
The Cameron County Press
Is the best advertising medium in this section of the State; has a larger circulation than any other weekly paper pub- in Western Pennsylvania. Rates given upon application.
OUR JOB PRINTING
Department is equipped with all the up-to-date styles of type and first-class work can be done on short notice.

RISE OF THE AWKWARD BOY.

He longed to be great and he longed to rise,
And they laughed at him;
He studied books till he strained his eyes,
And they laughed at him!
His tongue was thick, but his will was strong;
His ears were big and his legs were long,
In a hundred ways his plans went wrong,
And they laughed at him;

He held his course day after day,
And they laughed at him;
He packed his satchel and went away,
And they laughed at him!
They heard of the blunders he made in town,
In his awkward efforts to win renown—
To them he was merely a foolish clown,
And they laughed at him.

The papers began to mention his name,
They were proud of him;
He was getting up, he was winning fame,
They were proud of him!
Go down among them there to-day,
And you'll hear his wise old neighbors say
They "always knowed he'd make his way,"
And they're proud of him!
—S. E. Kiser, in Chicago Times-Herald.



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CHAPTER V.

There had been a morning of jubilee in the camp of the Fifth Separate brigade, and a row in the tents of the regulars. Up to within a fortnight such a state of affairs would have been considered abnormal, for the papers would have it that the former were on the verge of dissolution through plague, pestilence and famine due to the neglect of officials vaguely referred to as "the military authorities," or "the staff," while up to the coming of Canker to command sweet accord had reigned in the regular brigade, and the volunteers looked on with envy. But now a great martial magnate had praised the stalwart citizen soldiery whom he had passed in review early in the day, and set them to shouting by the announcement that, as reward for their hard work and assiduous drill, they should have their heart's desire and be shipped across the seas to far Manila. It had all been settled beforehand at headquarters. The "chief" had known for four days that that particular command would be selected for the next expedition, but it tickled "the boys" to have it put that way, and the home papers would make so much of it. So there was singing and triumph and rejoicing all along the eastern verge of a rocky, roughly paved cross street, and rank blasphemy across the way. To the scandal and sorrow of the ——teenth infantry some of the recent robberies had been traced to their very doors. A commissary sergeant had "weakened," a cartman had squealed, and one of the most popular and attractive young soldiers in the whole command was now a prisoner in the guardhouse charged with criminal knowledge of the whole affair, and of being a large recipient of the ill-gotten money—Morton, of the adjutant's office, a private in company K.

What made it worse was the allegation that several others, non-commissioned officers and "special duty men," were mixed up in the matter, and Canker had rasped the whole commissioned force present for duty in his lecture upon the subject and had almost intimated that officers were conniving at the concealment of the guilt of their sergeants rather than have it leak out that the felony was committed in a company of their commanding.

He and Gordon had had what was described as a "red-hot" row, all because Gordon flatly declared that while something was queer about the case of the young clerk, he'd bet his bottom dollar he wasn't a thief. Canker said such language was a reflection on himself, as he had personally investigated the case, was convinced Morton's guilt could be established, and had so reported to the brigade commander in recommending trial by general court-martial. Indeed he had made out a case against the lad even before he was arrested and returned to camp. Gordon asked if he had seen the boy and heard his story. Canker reddened and said he hadn't, and he didn't mean to and didn't have to. Gordon said he had—he had talked with the lad fully and freely on his being brought to camp toward nine o'clock, and was greatly impressed with his story—as would anyone else be who heard it. Canker reddened still more and said he wouldn't allow officers to interview prisoners without his authority. "I'll prefer charges against the next that does it," said he.

And not three hours later, Mr. Billy Gray, sprawling on his camp cot, striving to forget the sorrow of the earlier morning, and to memorize a page of paragraphs of army regulations, was suddenly accosted by an orderly who stood at the front of the tent, scratching at the tent flap—the camp substitute for a ring at the bell.

"A note for the lieutenant," said he, darting in and then darting out, possibly fearful of question. It was a queer note:

"I am a total stranger to you, but I wore in brighter days the badge of the same society that was yours at the university. Three of the fraternity are in my company—one is on guard and he urged me to write at once to you. They know me to be a brother Delt, even though I dare not tell my real name. What I have to say is that the charge against me is utterly false, as I can convince you, but could not convince a court. I am confined at the moment of al, others in my life when it is most vitally important that I should be free. Grant me ten minutes' interview this afternoon and if I do not prove myself guiltless I will ask no favor—but when I do convince you, do as you would be done by.

"Yours in Δ Σ X,
"GEORGE MORTON."

"Well, I'll be blessed!" said Mr. Gray, as he rolled out of his gray blanket. "Here's a state of things! Listen to this, captain," he called to his company commander in the adjoining tent. "Here's Morton, back from 48 hours' absence without leave, brought back by armed guard after sharp resistance, charged with Lord knows what all, wants to tell me his story and prove his innocence."

"You let him alone," growled his senior. "Remember what Canker said, or you'll go in arrest. What call has Morton on you, I'd like to know?"

The lad flushed. Fraternity was a very sacred thing in the Δ Σ X. It was "the most exclusive crowd at the 'varsity." Its membership was pledged to one another by unusual ties. It was the hardest society for a fellow to get into in any one of the seven colleges whereat it flourished, and its mystic bonds were not shaken off with the silken gown and "mortar board" of undergraduate days, but followed its membership through many a maturer year. It was a society most college men might ask to join in vain. Money, social station, influence were powerless. Not until a student had been under observation two whole years and was thoroughly known could he hope for a "bid" to become a "Delta Sig." Not until another six months of probation could he sport its colors, and not until he formally withdrew from its fold, in post graduation years, could he consider himself absolved from its mild obligations. But the boast of the "Delta Sig" had ever been that no one of its membership had ever turned a deaf ear to a fellow in need of aid. Who of its originators ever dreamed of such a thing as its drifting into and becoming a factor in the affairs of the regular army?

No wonder Gray stood for a moment, the paper still in his hands, irresolute, even disturbed. Not to answer the appeal meant to run counter to all the tenets of his fraternity. To answer might mean arrest and court-martial for deliberate disobedience of orders. Canker has no more mercy than an Indian. It was barely 48 hours since he had been publicly warned by an experienced old captain that he would find no "guardian angel" in Squeers. It would seriously mar his prospects to start now with Squeers "down on him," and as that lynx-eyed commander was ever on watch for infractions of orders, Billy well knew that he could not hope to see and talk with the prisoner and Canker not hear of it. To ask permission of Canker would only make matters worse—he was sure to refuse and then reemphasize his orders and redouble his vigilance. To ask the consent of the officer of the day or the connivance of the officer of the guard was to invite them to court arrest and trial on their own account. He couldn't do that even to oblige a brother Delt. If only Ned Craven were officer of the guard something might be done—he was a college man, too, and though not a "Delt," but rather of a rival set, he "would understand" and possibly help. Guard mount was held toward dusk, and that was four hours away, at least. The prisoner's note and tone were urgent. An idea occurred to Billy: What if he could get Gordon to let him "go on" this very evening? It wasn't his tour. He had "marched off" only two days before, as he well remembered, for Canker "had roughed" him up and down about that little error in copying the list of prisoners from the report of the previous day. Moreover, he had counted on going to town right after "retreat," dining at the Palace, an extravagance not to be thought of at other times, so as to be on hand when the Primes and Amy Lawrence came down to dinner. He had planned it all—even to the amount of surprise he was to exhibit when he should discover about when he had finished his own dinner that they were just beginning theirs, and the extent and degree of pleasurable emotion he might venture on showing as he hastened over to greet them, and accepted their offer to be seated with them, even if he had been so unkind as to dine beforehand, instead of with them. He had set his heart on having a chat with Miss Lawrence as part recompense for all he had lost that morning, and all this he was thinking of while still fumbling over that disturbing note. Time was getting short, too; there was no telling how much longer they might stay. Mr. Prime had brought his only daughter all that long journey across the continent on the assurance that the boy he loved, with whom he had quarreled, and whom, in his anger, he had sorely rebuked, had enlisted there in San Francisco and was serving in a regiment at the great camp west of the city. He had come full of hope and confidence; he had found the young soldier described, and, in his bitter disappointment, he declared there was no resemblance to justify the report sent him by the boy's own uncle, who vowed he had met him with comrades on the main street of the city, that the recognition was mutual, for the boy had darted around the first corner and escaped. His companions were scattered by the time Mr. Lawrence turned to the spot, after a brief, fruitless search, but private detectives had taken it up and "located" young Prime and telegraphed the father in the distant east.

Now, Mr. Lawrence was away on business of his own. Written assurances that he couldn't be mistaken lost weight, and Mr. Prime, disheartened, was merely waiting the report of an agent who thought he had traced the boy to Tampa. In 24 hours he might spirit his daughter away on another chase, and then there would be no further warrant for Miss Lawrence's remaining in the city. She would return to her lovely home in one of the loveliest of California valleys, miles away from the raw fogs and chills of the Golden Gate, and would be no more seen among the camps. That, said Billy Gray to himself, would take every bit of sunshine from his life.

All this detail, or much of it, he had learned from the fair lips of Miss Lawrence herself, for Mr. Prime and his daughter seemed to shrink from speaking of the matter. From the first Miss Amy had had to take the young gentleman under her personal wing, as it were. In her desire to aid her uncle and cousins in every way, and knowing them to be strangers to the entire camp, she had eagerly sent for him as the first familiar or friendly object she saw. Then when he came and was presented, and proved to possess little interest to the careworn man and his anxious and devoted child, it devolved upon Miss Lawrence to make much of Billy in proportion as they made little of him, and for three days or so the blithe young fellow seemed fairly to walk on air. Moreover, she had taken him into family confidences in telling him of the missing son and brother, for both her uncle and cousin, she said, were so sensitive about it they could not talk to anyone except when actually necessary. They had leaned, as it were, on the general and on Col. Armstrong for a day, and then seemed to draw away from both. They even seemed to take it much amiss that her father had to be absent when they came, though they had sent no word, until late, of their coming. He was on his return, might arrive any hour, but so might they go. Now if Billy could only discover that missing son—

Then came an inspiration! Penciling a brief note he gave it to a soldier of his company and bade him take it to the guard tents. It told Morton of the colonel's orders, issued that very day, and bade him be patient—he hoped and believed opportunity would be afforded for an interview that evening. Then he hunted up a subaltern of his own grade whom he knew would probably be the detail for officer-of-the-guard that evening. "Brooke," he said, "will you swap tours with me if Gordon's willing? I have—I'd like mightily to exchange if it's all the same to you."

Brooke hesitated. He had social hopes and aspirations of his own. By "swapping" with Gray he might find himself doomed to a night in camp when he had accepted for some pleasant function in town.

"Thought you were keen to go in to-night—right after retreat," he hazarded.

"Well, I was," said Gray, pulling his drab campaign hat down over his eyes to shut out the glare of the westering sun. "But I've got—a new wrinkle."

"Some bid for Friday? That's your tour, isn't it?" And Brooke began

"Will you swap tours with me if Gordon's willing?"

counting on his fingers. "Wait till I look at my notebook. Friday? Why, that's the night of the Burton's card party—thought you didn't know them."

"I don't," said Gray, glad enough to escape the other question. "And you hate card parties, you know you do. It's a go, is it? I'll see Gordon at once." And off he went, leaving Brooke to wonder why he should be so bent on the arrangement.

But Gordon proved an unexpected foe to the plan. "Can't be done, Billy," said he, sententiously. "Canker watches those details like a hawk. He hasn't forgotten you only came off two days ago, and if I were to mount you to-night he'd mount me—with both feet."

"Think there's any use in asking him?" queried the boy, tossing a backward glance toward Canker's tent.

"Not unless you're suffering for another snub. That man loves to say no as much as any girl I ever asked, and he doesn't do it to be coaxed, either. Best leave it alone, Billy."

And then the unexpected happened. Into the tent, with a quick, impetuous step, came the commanding officer himself, and something had occurred to stir that gentleman to the core. His eyes were snapping and his head was high.

"Mr. Gordon," said he, "here's more of this pilfering business, and now they're beginning to find out it isn't all in my camp by a damned sight. I want that letter copied at once." Then with a glance at Gray, who had whipped off his cap and was standing in respectful attitude, he changed his tone from the querulous, half treble of complaint. "What's this you'd best leave alone?" he suddenly demanded. "There are a dozen things you'd best leave alone and a dozen you would do well to cultivate and study. When I was—however, I never was a lieutenant except in war time, when they amounted to something. I got my professional knowledge in front of the enemy—not at any damned charity school. You're here to ask some new indulgence, I suppose. Want to stay in town over night and fritter away your money and the time the government pays for. No, sir; you can't have my consent. You will be back in camp at 12 o'clock, and stop and report your return to the officer of the guard, so that I may know the hour you come in. Who's officer of the guard to-night, Mr. Gordon?"

"Mr. Brooke, sir."

"Mr. Brooke! Why, I thought I told you he was to take those prisoners in town to-morrow. He has to testify before that court in the case of Sergt. Kelly and it saves my sending another officer and having two of our lieutenants away from drill and hanging around the Bohemian club. Detail somebody else!"

"All right, sir," answered Gordon, imperturbably. "Make any odds sir, who is detailed?"

Canker had turned to his desk and was tossing over the papers with nervous hand. Gray impulsively stepped forward, his eyes kindling with hope. It was on the tip of his tongue to launch into a proffer of his own services for the detail, but Gordon hastily warned him back with a sweep of the hand and a portentous scowl.

"No. One's as bad as the other. Next thing I know some of 'em will be letting prisoners escape right under my nose, making us the laughing stock of these damned militia volunteers." (Canker entered service in '61 as a private in a city company that was militia to the tip of its spike-tailed coats, but he had forgotten it.) "I want these young idlers to understand distinctly, by George, that the first prisoner that gets away from this post takes somebody's commisison with him. D'you hear that, Mr. Gray?" And Canker turned and glared at the bright blue eyes as though he would like to blast their clear fires with the breath of his disapprobation. "Has that young fellow, Morton, been put in irons yet?" he suddenly asked, whirling on Gordon again.

"Think not, sir. Supplies limited. Officer of the day reported half an hour ago every set was in use. Sent over to division quartermaster and he answered we had a dozen more'n we were entitled to now. Wanted to know 'f we meant to iron the whole regiment—"

"The hell he did!" raged Canker. "I'll settle that in short order. My horse there, orderly! I'll be back by four, Mr. Gordon. Fix that detail to suit yourself." And so saying the irascible colonel flung himself out of the tent and into his saddle.

"You young idiot," said Gordon, whirling on Billy the moment the coast was clear. "You came within an ace of ruining the whole thing. Never ask Canker for anything, unless it's what you wish to be rid of. Tell Brooke you're for guard, and he's to go to town instead."

"Hopping mad," as he himself afterward expressed it, Col. Canker had ridden over to "have it out" with the quartermaster who had ventured to comment on his methods, but the sight of the commanding general, standing alone at the entrance to his private tent, his pale face grayer than ever and a world of trouble in his eyes, compelled Canker to stop short. Two or three orderlies were on the run. Two aids-de-camp, Capt. Garrison and a comrade were searching through desks and boxes, their faces grave and concerned. The regimental commander was off his horse in a second. "Anything amiss, general?" he asked, with soldierly salute.

The general turned slowly toward him. "Can our men sell letters," he said, "as well as food and forage? Do people buy such things? A most important package has been—stolen from my tent."

[To Be Continued.]

Certainly Worth Something.

In a rural community in one of the middle states dwelt a man who made a vow in 1856 that he would wear his hair and beard untrimmed until John C. Fremont should be elected president of the United States. He kept the vow for 40 years, at the end of which time he had nearly a half bushel of hair on his head and face. Then, coming to the conclusion, toward which his mind had been gradually working for a long time, that Gen. Fremont's death in the interval had practically absolved him from his vow, he decided to have his hair cut and his beard shaved off clean. On his next visit to the county-seat he went to a barber-shop and was soon relieved of the hirsute burden he had carried for four decades. "How much?" he asked. "Have to charge you half a dollar for that job," said the barber looking at the mass that lay on the floor. "Half a dollar!" he gasped. "Don't I get anything for the hair?"—Youth's Companion.

Would Not Tell Her Name.

She had just come up from Mississippi to "hire out" in Memphis, and all of her friends at home promised to write to her. After the new of the city wore off and the ache of homesickness began to make itself felt she went to the "general delivery" at the post office to inquire for her mail. She still has her moss-grown suspicion of "town folks," and their dark and devious ways, so she marched aggressively up to the general delivery window and demanded: "Any letters here for me?" "What is your name?" asked the clerk. "'Tain't none of yo' business whut my name is!" she responded, indignantly, and without further parley she left the post office angrily muttering to herself: "I ain't gwine to tell that white man whut my name is. Lak to know whut business 'tis o' hisn whut my name is." The cautious old body didn't hear from home that day.—Memphis Scimitar.

Another Convert.

Miles—What do you think of this faith-cure business?

Giles—Oh, it's all right. I tried it once and was completely cured.

Miles—Indeed! Of what were you cured?

Giles—Of my faith in it. — Chicago Daily News.

Sufficient.

Mrs. Ashley—Isn't this new prayer rug of mine pretty?

Mr. Speakly—Yes, but isn't it very small?

"Well, it is large enough for all my prayers."—N. Y. World.

A Correct Guess.

Brown—What do you think of the walking dresses the women have now?

"They'll not wear them long."—Detroit Free Press.

ENDORSED BRYAN.

Pennsylvania Democrats Hold a Convention.

Candidates for State Offices are Nominated and the 64 Delegates to the National Convention are Instructed to Vote as a Unit — The Platform.

Harrisburg, April 6.—The 64 delegates from Pennsylvania to the national democratic convention in Kansas City were instructed by yesterday's state convention to support William J. Bryan for president. They are bound by the unit rule and can not change to any other presidential aspirant unless it be so decided by a majority of the delegation. The platform strongly endorses Bryan's candidacy; denounces the war policy of the McKinley administration and advocates numerous state reforms. Except for a slight breeze over the contests from Dauphin, Luzerne and Philadelphia, the convention was a quiet gathering. The committee on credentials reported in favor of the sitting delegates and its action was approved by the convention. The following ticket was nominated:

Auditor General—P. Gray Meek, of Centre county.

Congressmen-at-Large — Harry E. Grim, of Bucks county; N. M. Edwards, of Williamsport.

Electors-at-Large—Gen. A. H. Coffroth, of Somerset; Otto Germer, of Erie; Francis Shunk Brown, of Philadelphia; Andrew Kaul, of Elk.

The following delegates-at-large to the national convention were chosen: Col. James M. Guffey, of Pittsburg; ex-Gov. Pattison, of Philadelphia; John B. Keenan, of Greensburg; Congressman Rufus K. Polk, of Danville; Charles J. Reilly, of Williamsport; ex-Congressman James M. Kerr, of Clearfield; ex-State Chairman John M. Garman, of Nanticoke; ex-Congressman William H. Sowden, of Allentown.

The platform begins with a demand for a thorough revision of the tariff and declares in favor of such duties only as are necessary for an economical administration of public affairs. Democratic congressmen are urged to secure the enactment of a law making it obligatory upon the secretary of the treasury to place on the free list every article of raw material and manufactured product now used and manufactured by any trust, monopoly or combine.

Faithful enforcement of the anti-trust act of 1890 is demanded and opposition to what is termed the imperialism of the present administration is announced. Home rule for the Filipinos under the protection of the United States is favored. It is demanded that the army be withdrawn from Cuba and that congress observe the pledge made to that people.

"We demand for the people of Porto Rico the right of freely importing and exporting to and from any part of the United States; we denounce the sinister influences that have caused the president to depart from that which he termed a 'plain duty.'

"We deplore the subserviency of the present administration to the behests of England and English statesmen, whether the same be intentional or caused by the ignorance of our officials in the state department. We denounce the Hay-Pauncefote treaty as a complete abandonment of the claims of our statesmen of our right to construct and control an interoceanic canal, and as un-American and a base surrender of our inherent right of self-defense.

"We denounce as at variance with our rights of citizenship and destructive of the rights of a free man the use of the army of the United States and the suspension of the writ of habeas corpus and declarations of martial law in times of peace, in order that labor may be intimidated and labor organizations broken up.

"We declare in favor of an interoceanic canal controlled and protected by this country; no further surrender of Alaskan territory; fortification of strategic points on the Pacific; no entangling alliance with England or other country, secret or open; free trade with Porto Rico; independence of Cuba; home rule for the Philippine islands; no subject people; no colonial dependencies; eternal opposition to trusts; a vigorous foreign policy; and an income tax."

The election of United States senators by a vote of the people is favored.

Bimetallism is favored as tending to make permanent the prosperity of the country and "freeing us from the power of the money trust."

Sympathy to the Boers is extended and it is declared "that the war of conquest now being carried on by the British empire in its greed for gold and power is a menace to advancing civilization. We favor united action on the part of all the republics of the world to maintain the independent existence of the two republics in South Africa."

Increase in our standing army is opposed as a menace to free government and the supremacy of the civil over the military authorities is insisted upon.

Trust are denounced and legislation to curb their power is favored. Municipal ownership of public franchises is demanded.

The appointment of M. S. Quay as United States senator by Gov. Stone is denounced.

Naval Officers Convicted of Fraud.

Odessa, April 6.—The military court at Sebastopol has closed the hearing of the great naval scandal and has convicted 26 officers and civil servants of criminally defrauding the government in connection with the supply of coal and other commodities to the navy. The sentences will be pronounced to-day.

Nethersole Is Acquitted.

New York, April 6.—The jury in the case of Olga Nethersole, accused of maintaining a nuisance in performing the play "Sappho," yesterday returned a verdict of not guilty.

A SUCCESSFUL FARMER.

Within three miles of the town going eastward is the farm of Mr. W. Creamer, one of the municipality's largest and most prosperous mixed farmers. Mr. Creamer came to this country in 1880 and settled on a portion of the land which comprises his present enormous farm of 1,280 acres. In common with many others of a similar period he experienced all the hardships and difficulties common to the absence of railway and market facilities. In no wise daunted, by energy, industry and indomitable will he has been able to surmount all obstacles and has achieved an unparalleled success, and is known throughout the district as one of its preeminent farmers. His operations extend over 1,280 acres, two sections (the thought alone of so much land makes the eastern farmer dizzy); 800 acres of this is broken and the remainder is excellent pasture land and wood. This harvest he took off a crop of 500 acres of wheat and 200 of other grains. Four hundred acres are plowed and ready for wheat next spring. Mr. Creamer is, as has been stated, a mixed farmer of no mean proportions, having at the present time 40 horses, 60 head of cattle and 50 pigs. The most modern farm buildings are found on his premises, the main building being a barn 55 feet square on a stone foundation containing stabling for 16 horses and a large number of cattle. The loft is stored with 29 loads of sheaf oats for feed and tons of hay; there is also a cutting box. Another building of large dimensions is the granary, in which after teaming large quantities to market he still has stored 3,000 bushels of wheat. A crushing machine is in the building. There are a number of lesser buildings containing chicken house, pig pens and cattle sheds. The farm residence is a handsome frame structure of ample proportions, in connection with it is a wood shed. The water supply is unexcelled; besides house supply there is a well in the stables and a never failing spring situate in a bluff, which never freezes. Surrounded by a thick bluff of poplars, extending in a semi circle to the west, north and east, the winter storms are broken and accumulation of snow unknown. Added to his farming operations, Mr. Creamer conducts a threshing outfit for the season. His success is only one instance of what can be accomplished in Western Canada.—Baldur (Man.) Gazette, Nov. 16th, 1899.

Thousands are going to Western Canada this year to take advantage of the free homestead laws that are being offered by the government.

A Bit Rough.

In the course of the fearful march of the Irish fusileers from Dundee to Ladysmith the men were much fatigued, owing to the rough journey.

One man in particular stumbled along as if walking in his sleep. An officer passed.

"Sir," asked Michael, "what country is this at all we're marching over?"

"The Natal table-land, my man," was the reply.

"Bedad, sir," said Pat, "I think the table's turned upside down and we're walking over the legs of it."—London Answers.

Some of the delights of single blessedness were discovered by a British bachelor who was sewing a button on his overcoat without a thimble. When the needle was partly through the cloth he would force it further by pressing the shank against the wall; then he would aid the movement by dragging the needle forward with his teeth. He was engaged in the latter part of the performance when his teeth slipped from the needle and he fell backward from his chair to the floor, breaking his collar-bone.

Reception Music.

"Shall I sing, or play, Mr. Boredhost?"

"Oh, it doesn't matter, Miss Blimm—whichever you think you can do without interrupting the flow of conversation."—Detroit Free Press.

In Newsboy's Alley.

"You's de inside of a bunghole!" yelled Jimmy.

"You's de center of a cruller!" retorted Micky.—Chicago Evening News.

A MOTHER'S STORY.

Tells About Her Daughter's Illness and How She was Relieved—Two Letters to Mrs. Pinkham.

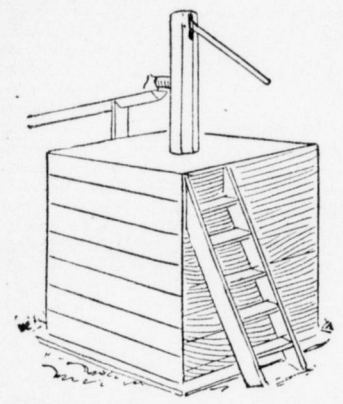
"MRS. PINKHAM:—I write to tell you about my daughter. She is nineteen years old and is flowing all the time, and has been for about three months. The doctor does her but very little good, if any. I thought I would try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, but I want your advice before beginning its use. I have become very much alarmed about her, as she is getting so weak."—MRS. MATILDA A. CAMP, Manchester Mill, Macon, Ga., May 21, 1899.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—It affords me great pleasure to tell you of the benefit my daughter has received from the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. After beginning the use of your medicine she began to mend rapidly and is now able to be at her work. Her menses are regular and almost painless. I feel very thankful to you and expect to always keep your Vegetable Compound in my house. It is the best medicine I ever knew. You have my permission to publish this letter if you wish, it may be the means of doing others good."—MRS. MATILDA A. CAMP, Manchester Mill, Macou, Ga., September 18, 1899.

FARM WATER SUPPLY.

How to Run It from the Pump Right Into the Barn by Means of a Spout.

Some pumps need only a little elevation to make it possible to run the water by a spout right into the barn, where the cattle can drink without being exposed to cold or storms. The cut shows a pump raised and the elevated platform boxed in, the interior being filled with hay to keep the pump from freezing. This is not a



PUMPING WATER INTO THE BARN.

difficult job, and the results are often worth a great deal during a single winter even. The pump can be lowered again for summer use if desired, setting the elevated platform away for use again the following winter. Few realize what an immense amount of animal heat (and therefore feed and milk) is wasted when cows are turned out to a watering place on a cold day in winter. The animals come in shivering, their backs rounded up with the cold and every hair standing on end. It takes an hour at least before they feel comfortable again. Under such conditions the best results in dairying cannot be secured. Where water can be run into the barn in the way suggested, it will, on standing awhile, acquire the temperature of the barn, being then much more suitable for cows to drink, while the latter will also be saved the exposure to cold winds.—N. Y. Tribune.

GOOD CROP TO RAISE.

The Demand for White Beans Is Great and They Are Sure to Bring Good Prices This Year.

Those who are in close touch with the market are expecting white beans to command high prices for a number of years to come. Stocks on hand are very much depleted, owing to a great falling off in production during recent years and an increased demand. For example, the Michigan crop for 1896 was 3,049,135 bushels, that of 1897 was 1,765,175 bushels, that of 1898 954,064 bushels and the 1899 crop was only 762,000 bushels. In California and New York, two states in which large areas of beans are grown, less than one-half of full crops were obtained last year, while in Canada and Europe the crop is light. With very light yields the world over, the United States and English governments have been buying very heavily for the army and navy. It is thus apparent that the supply must be quite limited, and several good crops must be secured before there is a normal surplus.

In view of these facts, it would seem as though beans would be a good crop to plant this coming season if good seed can be secured and one has suitable soil.—Rural World.

Danger in Wire Fences.

In an article in the Journal of the Royal Agricultural society on lightning and its effect on trees, Mr. Brodie calls the attention of English farmers to a point of great practical importance. In Britain and America the increasing adoption of wire fences has given rise to considerable damage to live stock from lightning. He quotes on this mattter the director of the Iowa weather and crop service. "Unquestionably, wire fences, as now constructed, serve as death-traps to live stock, causing a vast amount of loss every year. And it is also quite evident that a considerable percentage of danger may be avoided by the use of ground wires at frequent intervals in the construction of wire fences."

Quality of Seed Corn.

The yield of corn is dependent in no small degree on the quality of the seed, which should be selected before the corn is cut, having regard to the size and character of the stalk as well as to the ripeness and type of the ear. When the season is especially favorable for thoroughly maturing the ears, enough seed to last at least two years should be gathered, completely dried out before frost and stored in a warm, dry place. A difference of two per cent. in the yield of dry matter on two adjacent acres was noted in favor of the crop grown from well-ripened seed over the yield from seed grown in a wet, cold season.—Clinton D. Smith, in Farmers' Review.

Apple and potato parings are greatly relished, and help in getting a horse in fine condition. When you begin to feed also begin to exercise.

Always give carrots in the spring—if you have none, see that you do not make the same mistake this year.

TO EXPLORE THE WORLD.

Important Expeditions to be Sent Out by the University of California.

President Wheeler has announced to the regents of the University of California that experts of acknowledged repute have been engaged to make excavations and explorations in parts of the world rich with relics of ancient learning. The entire expense of the work will be borne by Mrs. Phoebe A. Hearst.

In Egypt Dr. George A. Reisner will have charge of the explorations. Dr. Uhle will pursue investigations in South America and Yucatan. California, New Mexico and Mexico will be searched for specimens by Dr. Philip Mills Jones.

Dr. Alfred Emerson, recently professor in the Athens school of archaeology, is now on his way to California to confer with Mrs. Hearst in regard to the work in Greece and Etruria. The materials collected by the scientists will be placed in the archaeological museum to be established at Berkeley.

Birds of Passage.

"No, I do not make friends as easily as I used to with my fellow-travelers," said the man who was relating European experiences. "It is not because I feel less sociably inclined, but because of the cold setback I received at Gibraltar. In the hotel office one morning I entered into conversation with an Englishman and woman who seemed to me to be the right sort. They did not meet my friendly overtures with the usual 'Oh!' and an English stare. On the contrary, they seemed anxious to become acquainted with me, and soon we were chatting pleasantly. I congratulated myself upon my good fortune in falling in with such agreeable people, who were almost nice enough to be Americans. We discussed Gibraltar and were just planning a sight-seeing expedition for the following day when one of the hotel waiters thrust his head in the doorway and said: 'The missus wants the both of yez.' My new-found friends were the maid and man servant of the duchess of Cleveland, Lord Rosebery's mother."—Detroit Free Press.

To California Quickly and Comfortably

Via Chicago, Union Pacific and North-Western Line. "The Overland Limited" leaves Chicago daily 6:30 P. M., arrives San Francisco the afternoon of third day, and Los Angeles next morning. No change of cars. All meals in dining cars. Buffet, smoking and library cars, with barber. "The best of everything." "The Pacific Express" leaves Chicago daily 10:30 P. M., with first-class and through tourist sleepers to California. Personally conducted excursions every Thursday. All agents sell tickets via Chicago & North-Western R'y. For full information and illustrated pamphlet apply to W. B. Kniskern, 22 Fifth ave. Chicago, Ill.

"I shall never be able to find another husband like dear John," said the widow. "I know," replied the persistent suitor. "But wouldn't you like an entirely different one, just by way of contrast?"—Philadelphia North American.

You Can Get Allen's Foot-Ease FREE.

Write *to-day* to Allen S. Olmsted, Leroy, N. Y., for a FREE sample of Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to shake into your shoes. It cures chilblains, sweating, damp, swollen, aching feet. It makes new or tight shoes easy. A certain cure for Corns and Bunions. All druggists and shoe stores sell it. 25c.

After a man does a clever thing, he usually talks about it too much.—Atchison Globe.

Coughing Leads to Consumption.

Kemp's Balsam will stop the Cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Large bottles 25 and 50 cents. Go at once; delays are dangerous.

Ella—"I am carried away by Tennyson's poems." Stella—"I am sorry we haven't a copy in the house."—Town Topics.

Piso's Cure cured me of a Throat and Lung trouble of three years' standing.—E. Cady, Huntington, Ind., Nov. 12, 1894.

The man who turns from evil companions does himself a good turn.—Chicago Daily News.

How My Throat Hurts!—Why don't you use Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar? Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

Is it proper to call one's brain his notion department?—L. A. W. Bulletin.

We have no earnest, persistent, enemies but ourselves.—L. A. W. Bulletin.

Too many people are contented with the hire life.—Chicago Democrat.

Mrs. Murphy—"Oi say, Pat, what would yez do if the ould house would tumble on yez and crush yez to death." Her Husband—"Faith, an' Oi'd fly fer me loife."—Ohio State Journal.

A Little Boy's Reflection.—Little Johnny thinks that a bed is a curious thing. He says he is sent to it for punishment, and it is punishment when he is made to get out of it.—Boston Transcript.

In making promises it is well to remember that they are likely to be interpreted to mean the utmost the words allow, and something more. Cautious words will save trouble.—United Presbyterian.

Thorne—"Is Dobbs of a peaceable disposition?" Bramble—"He lived in a boarding-house for three years without kicking."—N. Y. Journal.

First Sufferer—"I'm going to change my boarding place. The beefsteak is always burnt to a cinder." Second Ditto—"Come up to ours—it's rare enough there."—Philadelphia Press.

"Hash," said the man who eats his meals at home, "furnishes us with an example of an end without means." "Yes," said the boarding-house man, "but at my place it is mean and without end."—Indianapolis News.

It is truly a mysterious providence which orders the man who is expected above all others to admire a woman's millinery, to be also the man who is expected to pay for it.—Detroit Journal.

Dismal Dawson—"I don't often brag about it, but me ancestors kin be traced back to the first American settlers." Hungry Higgins—"I gin't never looked the thing up, but I wouldn't be s'prised if I could trace mine back to old Joner."—Indianapolis Press.

HE WAS AGREEABLE.

Would Let the Old Uncle Shoot if He Found Him in Such a Position.

This young fellow is engaged to a pretty Detroit girl, but they don't care to publish the bans until after Lent. This disturbs an irascible old uncle of hers, who has a daughter of his own, too much after his own style to be a favorite. He took it upon himself to send for the young man the other day.

"Are you going to marry that niece of mine?" he asked, sternly, when they were alone in the inner office.

"Pardon me, sir, but I must decline to answer. She has a father and a mother, and I'm on good terms with them. I fail to see that it is your affair."

"There's a whole lot that you fail to see, young man. I'm really the head of our family, and I'll not shirk my duty. Her parents are a couple of chumps. Are you or are you not engaged?"

"You force me to say, sir, that it is none of your infernal business and that you are just what I heard you were, a sour, cross-grained old curmudgeon."

"See here, sonny, I'll not bandy words with the likes of you, but if you had been going with my daughter as long as you have my niece, I wouldn't do a thing but put a revolver to your head, informing you that if you didn't marry her I'd shoot."

"And I'd beg of you to shoot."—Detroit Free Press.

WHAT THEY REALLY SAY.

Husband and Wife at the Theater Who Appear to Be Engaged in Conversation.

A man and wife enter the theater. As soon as they are seated and she digs around for the hat pins and removes her hat they look at each other smilingly and seem, to onlookers, to be carrying on an animated conversation. Here's what they're really saying:

Husband—Your hair's crushed and plastered down in front like a dago barber's. Can't you give it a swipe that'll—

Wife—Unreasonable thing! How can you expect me to have my hair all fluffy and nice as soon as I take off a heavy toreador hat that comes down over my—

"Well, give it a couple of dabs, anyhow. Looks now as if you'd been making a high dive off a—"

"There—now does it suit your lordlordship?"

"Oh, well, it isn't as dinky as it was. What's become of that—what-you-call-it—that rat thing you got to put under your front hemp awhile ago? That made it stick up some, anyhow, and—"

"The dog ate it up, and it was too warm, anyway. My, what a frightful haircut your barber gave you to-day! Makes you look like a Russian moujik! Don't you think you'd better change your barber?" etc.—Washington Post.

An Overworked Bird.

Dorothy—Our Audubon club had a lovely meeting this afternoon.

Papa—What did you do, dear?

"Oh, we passed an enthusiastic resolution appointing a committee to take immediaet steps—right off, you know—for the protection of the cuckoo."

"The cuckoo?"

"Yes, papa; in the cuckoo clock, you know."—Detroit Free Press.

MARCH AND APRIL

Are the Most Disagreeable Months of the Year in the North.

In the South, they are the pleasantest and most agreeable. The trees and shrubs put forth their buds and flowers; early vegetables and fruits are ready for eating, and in fact all nature seems to have awakened from its winter sleep. The Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company reaches the Garden Spots of the South, and will on the first and third Tuesdays of March and April sell round trip tickets to all principal points in Tennessee, Alabama, Georgia and West Florida, at about half rates. Write for particulars of excursions to P. Sid Jones, D. P. A., in charge of Immigration, Birmingham, Ala., or Jackson Smith, D. P. A., Cincinnati, O.

Necessity is said to be the mother of invention, but is not oftentimes invention the mother of necessity? Most inventors go broke.—Boston Transcript.

Ghost of the Glacier

And Other Tales, including Making a Revolution, Susquehanna Trail, Sculpture of the Elfs, Once a Pillar of the World, Feathers of Fashion, and others. A delightful volume, beautifully illustrated. Ready for distribution about May 1. Send 10 cents to T. W. Lee, General Passenger Agent Lackawanna Railroad, 26 Exchange Place, New York City. Edition Limited.

Evidence of a Bill.

"A man with a bill!" announced the court chamberlain.

The king was visibly startled.

"He must be a bird!" exclaimed his majesty, thinking of the rigorous measures he had taken to prevent creditors approaching the royal person.—Detroit Journal.

The Million Dollar Potato.

It's marvelous. Salzer's catalog tells, so also about Rape for cattle, sheep and swine. Costs 25c. a ton to grow. Send 5c. and this notice, to-day, to John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., for his big catalog. [K]

Good Engagement.

First Veteran Actor—Well, how goes it? Good engagement, I suppose—good pay?

Second Veteran Actor—Well, old friend, you know how these things are. Salary, properly speaking, I don't get, but I eat the whole of an enormous beefsteak in the second act.—N. Y. World.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES produce the fastest and brightest colors of any known dye stuff. Sold by all druggists.

It is said that care will kill a cat; but if a man doesn't care very much he will probably find a bootjack or a gun just as effective.—Chicago Daily News.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

Fortune favors those who work as if they expected to succeed without it.—Chicago Daily News.

Lane's Family Medicine.

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

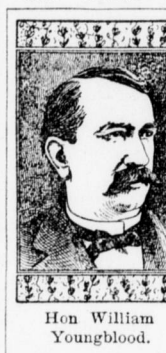
It takes two to quarrel; but some folks don't seem to have much trouble finding the other one.—Puck.

PERUNA PROTECTS OUR HOMES.

The Roberts Family, of Falls City, Neb., Are Healthy and Happy—A Rare Sight in These Days. They Say, "We Think Peruna Is The Greatest Medicine On Earth."

No man is better known in the State of Nebraska than Mr. Carl T. Roberts, contractor and mason. A typical American—active, shrewd and full of business sagacity. He is not only a provider for his family, but a protector. In a recent letter to Dr. Hartman he writes, among other things, as follows:

"Our boy, James, had the membranous croup, and repeated attacks of lung fever. Our boy, Charlie, was also subject to repeated attacks of pneumonia and pleurisy. Our third boy, John, was subject to fever and ague (malarial) and liver trouble. Your remedy, Peruna, cured my boys entirely, and now I have three of the healthiest boys in the State of Nebraska, which I attribute to your medicine. My wife had a stomach trouble which Peruna also cured. Altogether for my whole family we have used nineteen bottles of Peruna, and have thus saved $500 in doctors' bills. I am a contractor and mason by trade and am known all over Nebraska. I have had a stomach trouble which has been greatly relieved by your remedy, Peruna, for which I am still taking it. We think it is the greatest medicine on earth." C. T. Roberts, Falls City, Nebraska.



Hon William Youngblood.

Hon. William Youngblood, Anditor for the Interior, writes from Washington, D. C., to Dr. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio, as follows: "I've often heard of your great medicine and have persuaded my wife, who has been much of a sufferer from catarrh, to try Peruna, and after using one bottle she has wonderfully improved. It has proved all you have claimed for it, and I take pleasure in recommending it to anyone who is afflicted with catarrh." Peruna has become, in a multitude of households, absolutely indispensable.

Mr. T. G. Walker, Carneiro, Kansas, writes: "It is with pleasure that I report that I am better than I have been for many years. I believe Peruna is without a doubt the best medicine that ever was used in a family. It has cured my nervousness, with which I have been afflicted for a great number of years."

It is a fact of ever-increasing astonishment that so many otherwise sensible and provident people will, for the neglect of so simple a precaution as to have a bottle of Peruna at hand, bring upon themselves the needless suffering and foolish expense that a practitioner of medicine is forced to witness every day.

As soon as the value of Peruna is fully appreciated by every household, both as a preventive and cure of these affections, tens of thousands of lives will be saved, and hundreds of thousands of chronic, lingering cases of disease prevented. Peruna is the household safeguard.

A complete work on chronic catarrh sent free to any address by the Peruna Medicine Company, Columbus, Ohio.

Every shop, factory and family should always have

Palmer's Lotion

on hand; for wounds, bruises, stings of insects,

BURNS,

&c., are sure to happen. See large circular.

Use

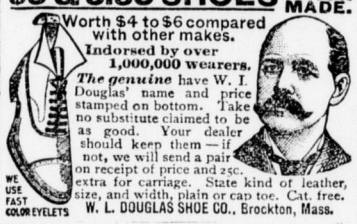
Lotion Soap

at all times. At Druggists only.

DO YOU COUGH
DON'T DELAY
TAKE KEMP'S
BALSAM
THE BEST COUGH CURE

It Cures Coughs Colds, Croup, Sore Throat, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Price, 25 and 50 cents per bottle.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 & 3.50 SHOES UNION MADE.



Worth $4 to $6 compared with other makes.

Indorsed by over 1,000,000 wearers.

The genuine have W. L. Douglas' name and price stamped on bottom. Take no substitute claimed to be as good. Your dealer should keep them—if not, we will send a pair on receipt of price and 25c. extra for carriage. State kind of leather, size, and width, plain or cap toe. Cat. free.

WE USE FAST COLOR EYELETS

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOE CO., Brockton, Mass.

THE Pleasantest, most powerful, effective and never failing REMEDY for

5 DROPS TRADE MARK

Rheumatism Sciatica, Neuralgia, LA GRIPPE and CATARRH!

If all knew what thousands know of the efficacy of "5 DROPS" as a Curative as well as a Preventive of any Ache or Pain known to the human body, there would not be a family in all America without a bottle of "5 DROPS." Send for trial bottle, 25c, or large bottle $1.00, (containing 300 doses) 6 bottles for $5 00.

SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE CO., 160-164 E. Lake St., Chicago, Ill.

A New Train West

The "ST. LOUIS LIMITED"

VIA

Big Four

(Effective April 15th.)

TO

Texas,

Kansas

and **Missouri.**

Lv. CLEVELAND.....8:00 A. M.
Ar. INDIANAPOLIS.....3:10 P. M.
Ar. ST. LOUIS.....9:45 P. M.

PARLOR CARS.
MODERN COACHES.
DINING CARS.

Ask for Tickets via

Big Four Route.

WARREN J. LYNCH, Gen'l Pass. Agent, Cincinnati. W. P. DEPPE, Ass't Gen'l Pass. Agt.

In 3 or 4 Years an Independence Is Assured

If you take up your homes in Western Canada, the land of plenty. Illustrated pamphlets, giving experience of farmers who have become wealthy in growing wheat, reports of delegates, etc., and full information as to reduced railway rates can be had on application to the Superintendent of Immigration, Department of Interior, Ottawa, Canada, or address the Undersigned, who will mail you atlases, pamphlets, etc., free of cost. F. PEDLEY, Supt. of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada; or to M. V. McINNES, No 2 Merrill Blk., Detroit, Mich.; D. L. CAVEN, Columbus, Ohio.

RHEUMATISM Van Buren's Rheumatic Compound is the only positive cure. Past experience speaks for itself. Depot 81 S. California Ave. Chicago.

FREE

To successfully introduce our new Cigars in every County, reliable persons (either sex), furnished FREE a handsome Musical Box, American made. This captivating instrument plays AUTOMATICALLY 1,000 different tunes. Renders to perfection Dance Music, Songs, Jigs or Hymns. For a short time only, we will give same FREE. Send at once. On receipt 10 cents (silver) we will ship PREPAID our Premium offer, and a sample Box of our Cigars. EAGLE MFG. CO., 21 John Street, New York.

WHY BE MISERABLE

with disgusting stuff constantly falling from your nostrils into your throat? One packet of DR. OULMAN'S OWN CATARRH SNUFF CURE will get you right with yourself and the rest of the world. Sold in 50c and $1 packets. Send DR. A. OULMAN, 6616 Jackson Ave., Chicago, Ill.

NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL!

CARTER'S INK

Is what Uncle Sam uses.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

A. N. K.—C 1807

25 CTS PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS

ALABASTINE

WHAT ALABASTINE IS.

Alabastine is the original and only durable wall coating on the market. It is entirely different from all kalsomine preparations. Alabastine is made ready for use in white or fourteen beautiful tints by the addition of cold water. It is put up in dry powdered form, in packages, properly labeled, with full directions on every package. It takes the place of scaling kalsomines, wall paper and paint for walls. Alabastine can be used on plaster, brick, wood or canvas, and a child can brush it on.

WHAT "KALSOMINES" ARE.

Kalsomines are cheap and temporary preparation, manufactured from whiting, chalks, clays, etc. They are stuck on the walls with decaying animal glue. Alabastine is not a kalsomine. It is a rock-base cement, which sets, and it hardens with age. It can be re-coated and re-decorated without having to wash and scrape off its old coats. Alabastine is utilized to a great extent in hospitals, as it prevents the accumulation of dirt and the congregating of disease germs, being disinfectant in its nature.

CHURCHES AND SCHOOLHOUSES.

The interior walls of churches, schoolhouses and all public halls should never be coated with anything but the durable and pure Alabastine. So evident has this fact become, that hundreds of tons are used annually for this work. The genuine Alabastine does not rub or scale off. It is cleanly during the long period of its usefulness. Every owner of a building should use it. Ask your paint dealer or druggist for card of tints, and write for free copy of our interesting booklet to Alabastine Co., Grand Rapids, Mich.

REJECT THE "JUST AS GOOD."

The dealer who tells you that he can sell you the "same thing" as Alabastine or "something just as good," either is not posted or is trying to deceive you. In offering something he has bought cheap and is trying to sell on Alabastine's demands, he may not realize the danger to himself as well as to you. Beware of all new substitutes. Dealers risk a suit for damages by selling and consumers by using an infringement. Alabastine Co. own the right to make and sell wall coatings adapted to mix with cold water.

Rock-a-Bye Baby

These are sweet words, but how much pain and suffering they used to mean. It's different now. Since Mother's Friend has become known expectant mothers have been spared much of the anguish of childbirth. **Mother's Friend** is a liniment to be applied externally. It is rubbed thoroughly into the muscles of the abdomen. It gives elasticity and strength, and when the final great strain comes they respond quickly and easily without pain. Mother's Friend is never taken internally. Internal remedies at this time do more harm than good. If a

woman is supplied with this splendid liniment she need never fear rising or swelling breasts, morning sickness, or any of the discomforts which usually accompany pregnancy.

The proprietor of a large hotel in Tampa, Fla., writes: "My wife had an awful time with her first child. During her second pregnancy, Mother's Friend was used and the baby was born easily before the doctor arrived. It's certainly great."

Get Mother's Friend at the drug store. $1 per bottle.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Write for our free illustrated book, "Before Baby Is Born."

Shadow and Light

Blend most softly and play most effectively over a festive scene when thrown by waxen candles.

The light that heightens beauty's charm, that gives the finishel touch to the drawing room or dining room, is the mellow glow of

BANQUET WAX CANDLES

Sold in all colors and shades to harmonize with any interior hangings or decorations.

Manufactured by STANDARD OIL CO.

For sale everywhere.

The Cure that Cures

Coughs, Colds, Grippe,

Whooping Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis and Incipient Consumption, is

OTTO'S CURE

The GERMAN REMEDY

Cures throat and lung diseases. Sold by all druggists. 25&50cts

R. C. Dodson, Emporium, Pa.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS

Beware of Counterfeits. Refuse all Substitutes.

Safe. Always reliable. **Ladies,** ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S **ENGLISH** in **Red** and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. **Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations.** Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for **Particulars, Testimonials** and **"Relief for Ladies,"** *in letter* by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists.

CHICHESTER CHEMICAL CO. 2100 Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

Mention this paper.

49-38t e o w

TABLER'S BUCK EYE PILE OINTMENT

CURES NOTHING BUT PILES.

A SURE and CERTAIN CURE known for 15 years as the BEST REMEDY for PILES.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Prepared by RICHARDSON MED. CO., ST. LOUIS.

For sale by L. Taggart. 24-1-1y.

The Place to Buy Cheap

—IS AT—

J. F. PARSONS.

In almost every neighborhood there is some one whose life has been saved by Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, or who has been cured of chronic diarrhoea by the use of that medicine. Such persons make a point of telling of it whenever opportunity offers, hoping that it may be the means of saving other lives. For sale by L. Taggart. apr

A Mansfield man found a live potato bug inside of a potato he was peeling.

The Best in The World.

We believe Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the best in the world. A few weeks ago we suffered with a severe cold and a troublesome cough, and having read their advertisments in our own and other papers we purchased a bottle to see if it would effect us. It cured us before the bottle was half used. It is the best medicine out for colds and coughs.—The Herald, Andersonville, Ind. For sale by L. Taggart. apr

Keeley Cure

Cures Drunkenness. Cures Drug Users.

THE KEELEY INSTITUTE, 4246 Fifth Ave., PITTSBURG, PA.

Write for free Booklet.

Mercantile Appraisement

Retail Venders or Dealers of Merchandise, Eating Houses, Billiard Rooms and Bowling Alleys,

In Cameron County, will take notice that they are Appraised and Classed by the undersigned Appraiser of Mercantile and other License Taxes for the year 1900, as follows, to-wit:

Barclay Bros., general merchandise, Sinnamahoning, Pennsylvania.

Baird, D. P., Ag't, general merchandise, Sinnamahoning, Pennsylvania.

Bailey, O. L., cigars, Sinnamahoning, Pennsylvania.

Brookbank, J. O. & Co., general merchandise, Driftwood, Pennsylvania.

Bardwell, Mrs. E. O., millinery, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Bupp, A. E., tobacco, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Balcom & Lloyd, general merchandise, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Catlin, C. G., flour and feed, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Cramer, W. H., variety store, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Cummings, John, cigars, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Costello, John, cigars, East Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Craven, C. C., candy and cigars, Sterling Run, Pennsylvania.

Bodson, R. C., drugs, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Donovan, D. W., cigars, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Day, J. H., general merchandise, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Dyer, W. H., groceries, Driftwood, Pennsylvania.

Edgcomb, Henry, general merchandise, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Emporium Furniture Co, furniture, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Emporium Milling Co., flour and seeds, East Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Ebersole, E. M., groceries, Sterling Run, Pennsylvania.

Fox, Frank, Jr., meat market, Driftwood, Pennsylvania.

Furlong, Mrs. Mary A., cigars, Sterling Run, Pennsylvania.

Gross, G. W., meats, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Howard, C. B., & Co., general merchandise, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Hirsch, R. H., jewelry, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Hogan, M. T., groceries, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Herteau, E. M., millinery, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Harris, Jasper, clothing, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Hockley, I. K., coal dealer, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Haupt, Mrs. H. O., confectionery and cigars, East Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Hackett, S. J., general merchandise, East Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Huntington, L. K., general merchandise, East Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Hathaway, Wm., cigars, East Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Hackett, S. S., general merchandise, East Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Jessop, C. H., butter, &c., Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Judd, Frank G., harness shop, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Kinsler, J. A., groceries, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Kelly, Richard, cigars, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Kelly, John, feed, hay, &c., Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Kline, C. R., & Co., general merchandise, Beechwood, Pennsylvania.

Krider & Yothers, general merchandise, Driftwood, Pennsylvania.

LaBar, Geo. J., furniture, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Larrabee, M. M., merchandise, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Lloyd, Harry S., stationary, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Lechner, Joseph, boots and shoes, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Lloyd, R. J., cigars, East Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Leet & Co., general merchandise, East Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Lycett, T. J., cigars, East Emporium, Pennsylvania.

McDougall, Alex., groceries and meats, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Metzger, Geo., Jr., jewelry, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

McGee, Wm., cigars, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Murphy, Michael, cigars, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

McDonald, Wm., cigars, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

McDonald, A. A., cigars and tobacco, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

McDonald, S. D., cigars, East Emporium, Pennsylvania.

McDonald, A. M. cigars, Driftwood, Pennsylvania.

McVicker, Fred, cigars, Driftwood, Pennsylvania.

McCoole, S. D., cigars, Driftwood, Pennsylvania.

McCoole, Mrs. S. D., millinery, Driftwood, Pennsylvania.

Mitchell, W. H., general merchandise, Driftwood, Pennsylvania.

Mahoney, Patrick, cigars, Sterling Run, Pennsylvania.

McOwen, B. & Co., general merchandise, Sterling Run, Pennsylvania.

McConnell, Warren, groceries, Cameron, Pennsylvania.

Martindale, H. W., cigars and meats, Sizerville, Pennsylvania.

Nefcy, M. E., general merchandise, Driftwood, Pennsylvania.

Olmsted, H. C., general merchandise, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Olmsted, D. E., general merchandise, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Overhiser, I. O., confectionery, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Overhiser, K., confectionery, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Parsons, John F., general merchandise, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Raymond, H. L., millinery, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Rockwell, M. A., drugs, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Rothrock, J. N., clothing, Driftwood, Pennsylvania.

Riley, Thos. J., cigars, Driftwood, Pennsylvania.

Seger, R. & Son, clothing, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Schmidt, C. G., confectionery, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Schlect, John, groceries, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Schweikart, Peter, general merchandise, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Slocum, B. A., general merchandise, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Shives, Frank, groceries and meats, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Seger, N., clothing, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Saso, Joel, confectionery and cigars, East Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Shoup, Peter, cigars, East Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Snyder, T. W., candy and cigars, Sinnamahoning, Pennsylvania.

Strayer, J. V., Ag't, groceries and cigars, Sinnamahoning, Pennsylvania.

Shafer, Geo. P., cigars, Sinnamahoning, Pennsylvania.

Smith, J. E., general merchandise, Sterling Run, Pennsylvania.

Sizer, W. R., general merchandise, Sizerville, Pennsylvania.

Taggart, L. drugs, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Tulis, M. C., general merchandise, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Vogt, A. F., & Co., boots and shoes, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Walker, Howard & Co., Hardware, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Warner, Riley, cigars, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Zarps, H. A., notions, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

BILLIARDS.

Creighton, James, 2 tables, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

McDonald, A. A., 3 tables, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

BOWLING ALLEY.

Creighton, James, one alley, Emporium, Pennsylvania.

EATING HOUSES.

Bliss, Mrs. Henry, eating house, East Emporium, Pennsylvania.

Krise, G. W., eating house, Driftwood, Pennsylvania.

Lewis, P. E., eating house, East Emporium, Pennsylvania.

TAKE NOTICE.

All who are concerned in this appraisement

THAT AN APPEAL

WILL BE HELD

AT THE OFFICE OF THE

COUNTY TREASURER

—ON—

Friday, April 27, 1900,

BETWEEN THE HOURS OF

9 a. m. and 4 p. m.,

When you may attend if you think proper.

FRANKLIN HOUSLER, Mercantile Appraiser.

Emporium, Pa. April 2, 1900. 6-4t

Financial Statement

—OF—

Shippen School District

FOR THE

YEAR ENDING JUNE, 1899.

N. S. CUTLER, Treasurer, of Shippen School District, in account with the School Fund of said District.

RECEIPTS.

Received from B. L. Spence, former Treasurer,	$ 234 66
Received from W. L. Thomas, County Treasurer,	2,842 00
Received from P. S. Culver, Collector for 1897,	28 16
Received from L. Lockwood Collector for 1898,	187 27
Received from C. M. Thomas, County Treasurer,	770 00
Received from State Appropriation,	2,042 30
Received from Geo. A. Walker, Loan,	600 00
	$ 7,304 39

EXPENDITURES.

Paid M. Brennan, Attorney,	$ 25 00
Paid C. Jay Goodnough, Copying,	5 00
Paid Auditors,	33 00
Paid Johnson & McNarney, Attorneys,	60 00
Paid R. Warner, room rent and team,	8 00
Paid Cameron County Press, printing,	9 00
Paid Geo. W. VanWert, Sec'y, postage, etc,	103 75
Paid Iowa Lithograph Co., diplomas,	8 58
Paid Sheldon & Co., minute book,	5 00
Paid Emporium Independent, printing,	2 00
Paid Teachers salaries,	3,566 50
Paid Frank Moon, truant officer and delivering books and desks,	94 25
Paid E. K. Peasley for wood,	26 20
Paid D. N. Chandler for wood,	9 00
Paid W. A. Moore for wood,	3 60
Paid J. G. Nyheart for wood,	12 00
Paid Chas. King for wood,	8 00
Paid W. M. Moore for wood,	24 00
Paid L. E. Gibbs for wood,	40 00
Paid W. W. Lewis for wood;	28 00
Paid O. F. Reed for wood,	24 82
Paid O. S. Peters for wood,	24 00
Paid J. W. Reed for wood,	35 45
Paid Elias Barton for wood,	14 00
Paid Henry Newton for wood,	18 96
Paid Joe Craven for wood,	7 60
Paid Grant Fulton for wood,	2 00
Paid Freemont Mott for wood,	3 60
Paid freight and draying,	12 91
Paid Roberts & Meek, school supplies,	28 29
Paid Dr. E. O. Bardwell, Board of Health	10 00
Paid N. S. Cutler, labor, team, attending election of Supt.,	14 36
Paid Moon and Leggett, attending election,	2 42
Paid Emporium School District, tuition	82 57
Paid Chas. King, hauling Clear Creek children,	114 00
Paid W. F. Lloyd, bank note,	1,000 00
Paid M. M Larrabee, room rent,	4 00
Paid Geo. A. Walker, note,	1,021 83
Paid D. C. Heath & Co., copying books,	15 00
Paid Penn'a School Journal,	7 60
Paid R. L. Meyers & Co., supplies,	48 00
Paid American Book Co., supplies,	447 91
Paid I. H. Legget, sewer pipe,	1 60
Paid H. S. Lloyd, supplies,	7 55
By Commission, at 2 per cent,	138 90
	$ 7,084 27

RECAPITULATION.

Total Receipts,	$7,304.39
Total Expenditures,	7,084.27
Cash on hand,	$220 13

ASSETS.

Due from P. S. Culver, Col., 1895	$20.20
Due from P. S. Culver, Col., 1897	79.32
Due from L. Lockwood, Col., 1898	424.58
Due from school Bid'g fund, 1895	12.97
Due from C. M. Thomas, Treas'r,	859.57
	$1,396 64

LIABILITIES.

Due unpaid bills,	$ 629 00

We, the undersigned Auditors of the Township of Shippen, hereby certify that we have examined, adjusted, audited and settled the foregoing account of N. S. Cutler, Treasurer of the Board of School Directors, in account with the School Fund of the School District of the Township of Shippen and that the above is a true and correct statement of the same. Witness our hands this 3rd day of March, A. D., 1900.

C. R. KLINE,
CHAS. KING,
Auditors.

SCHOOL BUILDING FUND.

N. S. CUTLER, Treasurer of Shippen Township School District, in account with School Building Fund.

RECEIPTS.

To Cash from former Treasurer,	$ 295 73
To Cash from W. L. Thomas, County Treasurer,	765 60
To Cash from L. Lockwood, Col., 1898,	387 23
To Cash from P. S. Culver, Col., 1897,	48 00
To Cash from C. M. Thomas, County Treasurer,	604 00
	$ 2,099 96

EXPENDITURES.

Paid Morris Lewis, North Creek, school lot,	$ 50 00
Paid C. Jay Goodeough, recording deed,	4 00
Paid Robt. Armstrong, work at Beechwood school,	23 96
Paid L. W. Hoyple, Whittemore school,	2 50
Paid A. H. Shafer, surveying,	7 00
Paid W. R. Johnston, hauling Whittemore school children,	140 00
Paid D. N. Chandler, work on Elk Lick yard,	2 00
Paid H. Newton, repairs at shool houses,	6 00
Paid M. R. Hellyer, repairs on school house,	6 75
Paid N. S. Cutler, for Surveyor,	2 50
Paid Walker, Howard & Co., merchandise,	21 08
Paid W. E. Swartwood, lumber and labor,	2 55
Paid C. Harrington, labor Wiley school,	3 60
Paid E. G. Strait, repairing locks,	2 25
Paid John Hertig, Plank Road Hollow school lot,	250 00
Paid F. G. Judd & Co., insurance,	117 46
Paid G. J. LaBar, window curtains,	2 80
Paid Chas. Hall, hauling Clear Creek scholars,	7 00
Paid Joe Craven, labor on grounds,	6 50
Paid W. H. Cramer, plans and specifications,	15 00
Paid Chas. King, hauling Clear Creek children, etc.,	21 00
Paid N. S. Cutler, six days locating grounds,	12 00
Paid E. H. Marshall, inspecting fences, By 2 per cent. commission,	10 50 14 47
	$ 738 27

RECAPITULATION.

Total receipts,	$ 2,099 96
Total expenditures,	738 27
Cash on hand,	$ 1,361 69

ASSETS.

Due from P. S. Culver, Col., 1895,	$ 305 94
Due from P. S. Culver, Col., 1-96,	445 02
Due from P. S. Culver, Col., 1897,	304 27
Due from C. M. Thomas, Co. Treasurer,	662 61
	$ 1,717 84

LIABILITIES.—None.

We, the undersigned Auditors of the Township of Shippen, do hereby certify that we have examined, adjusted, audited and settled the foregoing account of N. S. Cutler, Treasurer of the Board of School Directors, in account with the School Building Fund of the School District of the Township of Shippen, and the foregoing is a true and correct statement of the same. Witness our hands this 3rd day of March, A. D., 1900.

C. R. KLINE,
CHAS. KING,
Auditors.

COURT PROCLAMATION.—WHEREAS:—The Hon. CHAS. A. MAYER President Judge and the Hons. JOHN MCDONALD and J. C. BONHAM, Associate Judges of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Orphans' Court and Court of Common Pleas for the county of Cameron, have issued their precept bearing date the 20th day of January A. D., 1900, and to me directed for holding Court of Oyer and Terminer, General Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Orphans' Court and Court of Common Pleas, in the Borough of Emporium, Pa., on Monday, the 23rd day of April, 1900, at 2 o'clock, p. m., and to continue one week.

Notice is hereby given to the Coroners, Justices of the Peace and Constables within the county, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 2 o'clock, p. m., of said day, with their rolls, records, inquisitions, examinations, and other rememberances, to do those things which to their offices appertain to be done. And those who are bound by their recognizance to prosecute against them as will be just.

Dated at Emporium, Pa., April 2, 1900, and in the 124th year of the Independence of the United States of America.

J. D. SWOPE, Sheriff.

TREASURER'S SALE

OF

Unseated Lands

IN

CAMERON COUNTY

For the Years 1898 and 1899.

AGREEABLE to an Act of Assembly entitled "An Act to amend an act directing the mode of selling Unseated Lands for taxes and for other purposes," passed the 13th day of March, A. D., 1815, and further supplements thereto, I, C. M. Thomas, Treasurer of the County Cameron, hereby give notice to all persons concerned therein, that unless all arrearages of taxes due on the following tracts of unseated lands, situate in Cameron County, Pa., are paid before the day of sale, the whole or such part of each tract as will pay the costs and taxes chargeable thereon, will be sold at public vendue or outcry at the Court House, in Emporium Borough, County of Cameron, on the **Second Monday in June, 1900,** it being the **11th day of the Month,** and continued by adjournment from day to day, as will be deemed necessary, for arrearages of taxes and the costs accrued on each tract respectively. Persons wishing to pay before sale, will please remit the amount of these taxes, together with fifty cents for each tract for advertising and twenty-five cents for receipt.

NOTICE is also given that in compliance with the Act of Assembly, passed the 6th day of June, 1887, entitled "An Act to regulate the collection of taxes on Unseated Lands," there will be accrued interest at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum on taxes of 1898 from January 1st, 1899, and on taxes of 1899, from January 1st, 1900, until date of payment of same. See P. L., 1887; page 373.

Shippen Township.

No. War.	Acres.	Warrantee or Owner.	Tax.
5754	600	C. R. Noyes Estate	$ 316 18
4994	495	Reading, Fisher & Co	391 15
4994	65	Reading, Fisher & Co	51 37
4987	594	Solomon Shafer	74 28
4995	576	Solomon Shafer	455 16
4996	616	Solomon Shafer	81 13
4986	167	Solomon Shafer	22 00
1129	1072	A. Govinier Estate	141 19
5038	495	G. W. Warner	65 21
1360	5	Joseph Stoneham	39
1141	287½	A. H. Shafer	18 98
1194	368	do	24 23
1407	30	do	2 00
4964	150	A. Kresge	19 76
1141	505	R. K. Cross	66 54
1141	158	do	20 81
1143	30	E. C. Davy	3 96
½2973	390	Housler, Herdick & Co	25 69
1143	289	Andrew Jenks	18 96
1143	50	do	3 32
1142	100	do	6 58
5037	100	Bernace Housler	6 58
1199	58	Dan'l Barr	3 82
1199	58	do	3 82
1199	27	do	1 85
1407	78	do	5 13
1142	157	Oscar Heath	10 40
1195	127	J. H. Evans	8 43
1143	100	A. L. Ensign	6 59
2343	60	C. B. Howard & Co	7 89
1194	72½	W. H. Howard	4 78
4964	40	John Filling Estate, 1899	5 27
Vac't	36	John Hertig	2 29
4999	59	do 1899	3 75
1144	337	Richard Davy, 1899	21 40
1142	50	E. C. Davy, 1899	1 60
1142	5	do 1899	19
2537	141	H. J. Sassman, 1899	4 51
5041	91	Helen B. Turner, 1899	34 67
1141	60	do 1899	3 81
1193	174	do 1899	11 65
1194	213	do 1899	81 14
4963	750	Alfred Truman, 1898	51 15
4963	750	Amanda R. Nyhart, 1899	47 63
2354	475	C. B. Howard & Co, 1899	211 15
2354	515	do 1899	32 71
2353	600	do 1899	266 70
2353	590	do 1899	24 77
4999	210	J. S. Wiley Estate	27 66
4985	100	Geo. Brown & Son	13 12
5037	390	G. W. Warner	39 51
Vac't	583	A. H. Shafer	38 46
1359	32	do	2 11
4947	990	C. E. Hubbard	130 39
6108	40	Mrs. Henry Bliss	5 28
½1142	200	L. E. Gibbs	6 59
4983	40	A. A. Housler Estate	5 27
½2973	390	Housler, Hertig & Co	25 68
4986	50	Peter Brown	3 34
4986	100	do	6 59
2537	148	Dan'l Barr	9 62
4984	862	Josiah Howard	56 77
4998	862	do	52 82
5037	374	do	24 63
5038	526	do	26 08
1141	50	do	3 31
M&D	170	W. H. Howard	11 22
6108	60	do	3 96
1193	151	do	10 00
1142	50	do	3 31
1133	300	do	20 26
4967	375	do	24 74

Portage Township.

3554	155	J. S. Wiley Estate, 1898	6 21
3554	200	do 1898	8 60
3554	57	do 1898	2 28
5436	200	do 1899	8 40
1360	72	Mrs. Nancy Lucore	2 95
4933	74	R. K. Cross	6 07
Lot. No. 5			
3554	51	Chas. Prosser	2 13
1193	75	J. H. Evans	3 62
1407	60	L. Lucore Estate	4 92
J.C.C.	163	J. C. Cameron, 1898	6 52
J.C.C.	163	A. J. Turley, 1899	6 85
5435	100	Harvey Kephart, 1899	4 20
1360	50	J. S. Wiley Estate	2 07
5436	800	do	65 60
1193	55	A. H. Shafer	2 39
Lot 25			
1360	112	John Boon	9 18
Lot 37			
1360	35	Hamlin & Forest	2 89
F&R	100	J. D. Bucher	8 20
1407	390	J. S. Wiley	12 30

Lumber Township.

5432	200	W. W. Barrows Estate	26 49
5435	611	do	80 68
5431	973	do	128 46
½5440	1100	Noyes, Dallett & Barrows	48 40
½5441	925	do	40 71
5856	960	C. R. Noyes Estate	392 06
5432	146	H. H. Mullin, 1898	9 64
½5432	118	F. H. & C. W. Goodyear, 1899	5 99
5444	30	L. H. Simpson Estate	7 92
½5440	1100	Noyes, Dallett & Barrows	96 80
½5441	925	do	81 41

Gibson Township.

5457	200	Thos. Greenly	18 99
5468	116	do	7 32
5476	159	Mary E. Gibson, 1899	9 45
½5391	550	Brown, Clark & Howe	34 66
5455	780	Woods & Murray	294 84
5454	101	do	19 11
5473	54	Levi Heidrick	13 62
5467	60	J. J. Mix	7 56
5474	116	Geo. Mead	7 32
5470	381	S. W. Nyce	24 66
5473	52	do	3 27
5496	33	Barclay Bros	2 14
5394	1100	do	69 30
5397	1100	do	69 30
5398	1100	do	69 30
5396	1100	do	69 30
5399	1100	do	69 30
5414	250	do	14 27
5415	1000	do	57 60
5416	1100	do	125 40
5417	1100	do	501 60
5418	1100	do	501 60
5419	1100	do	62 70
5420	1043	do	59 53
5468	125	George Mead	15 78
5457	150	S. Q. Mingle	25 20
H'narys	150	Henry Shafer	18 90
5471	188	G. W. Warner	11 84
5468-69	600	D. H. Marsh	37 80

Grove Township.

5646	343	Elias Deemer	218 16
4139	999	B. H. Taylor & Sons, 1899	308 88
4123	217	John A. Wykoff, 1899	22 57
4153	247	do	26 20
4158	700	do	111 39
4988	225	E. Peltz, 1899	11 72
5656	266	Edgar Munson	77 58
Levi Williams	100	Botsford & Lowman 1898	5 40
4122	516	U. B. Russell	54 69
Vacant	10	Geo. P. Shafer	2 12
5657	50	Unknown	5 30
4926	139	C. W. Berfield	13 79
4838	225	Chas. Ayers, 1899	11 72
Levi Williams	158	Barclay Bros	59 25
4936	958	do	101 56
4938	315	do	33 43
4926	97	do	10 29
4118	278	do	14 74
4938	93	do	9 87
4937	692	D. B. Johnson	73 38
4118	303	do 1899	15 76
4138	930	W. H. Summerson	52 51
4937	40	Geo. P. Shafer	2 12
Vacant	330	do	17 53
Levi Williams	125	Barclay Bros	39 71
4969	500	Barclay Bros	31 60
4172	610	do	56 80
5704	105	do	6 57
5718	385	do	23 94
4173	708	James Murphy	74 28
5712	931	do	262 60
5716	66	do	6 20
5717	990	do	122 76
5711	726	do	90 02
5718	75	Geo. Pfoutz, 1899	4 32
4171	830	A. Pardee Estate, 1899	49 80

SEATED LAND RETURNED BY COLLECTORS.

Emporium Borough.

Mrs. Arthur Prentiss, tax $12.26 for the years of 1896-97-98-99. All that tract or parcel of land, situate in the town of Emporium, county of Cameron, and state of Pennsylvania, and described as follows: Lying and being on the North side of Allegheny avenue, being a part of lot number 214 in block seventy-eight of said town, and bounded as follows: Beginning at the Southeast corner of the lot of the school district, thence running easterly along Allegheny avenue 50 feet, thence Northerly parallel with the east line of said school lot, 241ft. or to Fifth St., thence westerly along Fifth St. to the school lot, thence Southerly along the east line of the school lot to the place of beginning.

Excepting and reserving that part of the above described premises which was conveyed by Arthur L. Prentiss and wife to Peter W. Furlong by deed dated December 11th, 1889, and recorded in Cameron county deed book "L" Page 94 etc.

Lumber Township.

Thos. Huzzy estate, tax $6.51 for years of 1896, 1897-98. All that certain piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the township of Lumber, county of Cameron, state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: On the North by a forty foot street, on the East by a lot of ground sold to the Messiah Church at Sterling Run, Cameron county, Pennsylvania, and occupied by said Church, on the South by the public road, on the bank of the mill race and on the West by the other lands of John Brooks, being 50 feet in width fronting on the said forty foot street in width and extending from said street Southward to the said public road, 75 feet more or less, beginning at the Northwestern corner of the Church lot aforesaid, running by line of same South sixteen degrees West of the public road as aforesaid; thence N-westerly by said public road as many feet as will make fifty in width; thence by land of John Brooks aforesaid, North sixteen degrees East by a parallel line with the line of the Church lot to the aforesaid street; thence by said street South seventy-four degrees East fifty feet, containing three thousand seven hundred and fifty feet more or less.

Shippen Township.

Wt. No. 6108, 2½ acres, A. H. Boynton estate. Tax $22.19, for years of 1893-94-95-96-97-98-99. All that certain piece, parcel or tract of land, situate, lying and being in the township of Shippen, county of Cameron, state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Commencing at a hemlock pile on the public road in Rich Valley, Shippen township, running East twenty rods along the public road; thence North twenty rods thence West twenty rods; thence South twenty rods to the place of beginning, containing 2½ acres more or less and being a part of warrant 6103 assessed in the name of A. H. Boynton estate.

Wt. No. 1143, John Wygant, tax $4.77, for the years of 1896-97. All that certain twenty-five acres of land, situate, lying and being in Catlin hollow, near Four Mile run, Shippen township, Cameron county, Pennsylvania, being part of warrant 1143 and adjoining lands of N. P. Minard and Andrew Jenks; and being the same lands surveyed by V. A. Brooks, July 3rd, 1886, assessed in the name of John Wygant.

Gibson Township.

Wt. No. 5456. Peter Shaw, tax $13.66, for the year 1897. All that piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in Gibson township, Cameron county, Pennsylvania, and being a part of warrant No. 5456, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a corner of the lands sold to Wm. and James Wylie on the public road by the Southwest corner of imporved fields, running thence Easterly by line of said improvements, and by line of said land of Wylie, to the top of the mountain; thence North by lands of said Wylie to the North line of said warrant, 5456, thence West by said line to the Mason run; thence down the several courses of the said run to the land of John Mason; thence Southerly by the lands of the said John Mason, to the public road; thence by said road Southerly to the place of beginning. Containing 60 acres more or less and being a part of the tract 5456, being the same land conveyed by John Brooks to Peter Shaw by deed dated Feb. 24th, 1873, and recorded in Cameron county deed book "E" page 42, reserving unto said John Brooks one-half acre in the Northwest corner of the land herein described, and also the right of a road through the land along the Mason run aforesaid to said John Brooks, his heirs or assigns.

Abel Andrus, Shippen township, tax $6.98, for the year of 1898. All that certain piece, parcel or lot of land, situate, lying and being in the township of Shippen, county of Cameron, and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at an ironwood on the North line of warrant No. 4985, and 192 rods West of the Northeast corner of said warrant. The ironwood is also the Northwest corner of James Sanford's lot; thence from the ironwood along the West line of James Sanford's lot, South four and one-half degrees, West 160 rods to a beech; thence North 72 degrees, West 220 rods to a poplar; thence North four and one-half degrees, East 50 rods to a post corner. This corner is on the North bank of the run, and is witnessed by a hemlock tree on the South bank of the run; thence from the post South eighty-five and one-half degrees East 214 rods to the place of beginning, containing 100 acres and fifty square rods more or less, being bounded on the North by warrant No. 4956, on the East by James Sanford's land and on the South and West by parts of warrant No. 4983.

Grove Township.

A. M. Miller estate, tax $22.23, for years of 1894, 1895-96. Real estate bounded as follows: Beginning at a pine on the South bank of the First Fork of the Sinnamahoning creek, opposite the mouth of Pepper hill run, being the Southwest corner of lands of John Miller; thence South eighty (80) degrees East 118 rods along the lines of said John L. Miller to a pine: thence South thirty-two (32) degrees West seventy-nine (79) rods to a maple: thence West twenty-eight (28) rods to a hemlock on bank of aforesaid creek; thence up the creek by the several courses thereof, North forty-six (46) degrees West fifty (50) rods; thence North twenty-four (24) degrees, West fourteen (14) rods; thence North 5½ degrees, West thirty-nine (39) rods to place of beginning, containing thirty-nine (39) acres and one hundred and thirty-six (136) perches, and having erected thereon one frame house and a few scattering fruit trees grow